Sindh Microfinance Bank Limited

Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2019

27	-	
Note	Rupe	ees
9	13,650,387	20,119,268
10	332,486,158	249,207,306
	_	_
11	619,095,360	100,000,000
12	849,973,816	583,101,762
13	52,778,444	14,345,797
14	32,814,467	36,679,795
15	6,693,104	1
	1,907,491,736	1,003,453,928
16	126,446,866	77,769,113
17	800,000,000	76,522,815
	-	-
18	91,458,209	11,175,708
15	-	503,589
	1,017,905,075	165,971,225
	889,586,661	837,482,703
19	750,000,000	750,000,000
	27,930,569	17,496,539
	6,982,643	4,374,135
	104,673,449	65,612,029
	889,586,661	837,482,703
	-	
	889,586,661	837,482,703
	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 15	9 13,650,387 10 332,486,158 11 619,095,360 12 849,973,816 13 52,778,444 14 32,814,467 15 6,693,104 1,907,491,736 16 126,446,866 800,000,000 18 91,458,209 15

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

President & Chief Executive	Chief Financial Officer	Chairman	Director	Director

		2019	2018
	Note	Rupe	es
Mark-up / return / interest earned	21	347,011,283	207,309,759
Mark-up / return / interest expensed	22	(71,057,376)	(5,014,585
Net mark-up / interest income		275,953,907	202,295,174
Provision against non-performing loans and advances	12.3	(11,331,839)	(3,314,233
Provision for diminution in the value of investments		-	-
Bad debts written off directly	12.4	(2,093,203)	(1,283,038
N	-	(13,425,042)	(4,597,271
Net mark-up / interest income after provisions		262,528,865	197,697,903
NON MARK-UP/ NON INTEREST INCOME			
Fee, commission and brokerage income		-	-
Dividend income		-	
Other income	L		
Total non mark-up / non interest income		262,528,865	197,697,903
NON MARKUP/ NON INTEREST EXPENSES			
Administrative expenses	23	(193,871,073)	(144,938,808
Other provisions/write offs		-	-
Other charges	24		(796,500
Total non mark-up / non interest expenses	-	(193,871,073)	(145,735,308
Extra ordinary / unusual items		-	
Profit before taxation		68,657,792	51,962,595
Taxation	-		
- current	25	23,677,311	14,969,096
- prior years	25	(3,423,118)	(1,190,578
- deferred	25	(3,766,551)	100,056
	_	(16,487,642)	(13,878,574
Profit after taxation		52,170,150	38,084,021
Unappropriated profit - brought forward		65,612,029	37,049,013
Less: Other comprehensive loss		(66,192)	
Profit available for appropriation		117,715,987	75,133,034
APPROPRIATIONS:			
Transfer to			
- statutory reserve		(10,434,030)	(7,616,804
- capital reserve		(2 (00 500)	(1.004.201
- contribution to depositors' protection fund		(2,608,508)	(1,904,201
- revenue reserve			
- proposed dividend Unappropriated profit - carried forward		104,673,449	65,612,029
EARNINGS PER SHARE	26	0.70	0.51
The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial state	ements.		
President & Chief Executive Chief Financial Officer Chai	rman	Director	Director

SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

2019 2018 Note -----Rupees-----Profit after taxation 52,170,150 38,084,021 Other comprehensive loss - Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss account - Items that will not reclassified to profit and loss account subsequently 18.1 Remeasurement loss on provision for gratuity - net of tax (66, 192)(66,192)Total comprehensive income for the year 52,103,958 38,084,021

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements.

President & Chief Executive	Chief Financial Officer	Chairman	Director	Director

SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Share capital	Statutory reserve	Depositors' protection fund	Unappropriated profit	Total Equity
			Rupees		
Balance as at January 1, 2018	750,000,000	9,879,735	2,469,934	37,049,013	799,398,682
- Profit after taxation	1			38,084,021	38,084,021
- Other comprehensive income		1 1	1	38,084,021	38,084,021
Transfer to statutory reserve - 20% of the profit after tax for the year		7,616,804		(7,616,804)	
Transfer to depositors' protection fund - 5% of the profit after tax for the year			1,904,201	(1,904,201)	
Balance as at December 31, 2018	750,000,000	17,496,539	4,374,135	65,612,029	837,482,703
Total comprehensive income for the year					
- Profit after taxation - Other comprehensive loss		1 1		52,170,150 (66,192)	52,170,150 (66,192)
	•	1		52,103,958	52,103,958
Transfer to statutory reserve					
- 20% of the profit after tax for the year		10,434,030	ī	(10,434,030)	1
- 5% of the profit after tax for the year		•	2,608,508	(2,608,508)	
Balance as at December 31, 2019	750.000.000	27.930.569	6,982,643	104,673,449	889,586,661

The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these financial statements. Sim

Executive	
Chief	
President &	

Chairman

		2019	2018
	Note	Rupee	S
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before taxation		68,657,792	51,962,595
Adjustments for non cash items:			
Provision against non performing advances	12.3	11,331,839	3,314,233
Bad debts written off directly	12.4	2,093,203	1,283,038
Depreciation on property and equipment	13.1	3,272,545	2,385,085
Amortization on intangible assets	13.2	756,191	590,599
Depreciation expense on lease assets (ROUA)	13.3	16,206,348	,
Interest on lease liability	22	4,463,871	
Provision for gratuity	23	3,251,890	5,246,750
8		41,375,887	12,819,705
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital	_	110,033,679	64,782,300
Working capital changes			
(Increase) / decrease in operating assets			
Advances		(280,297,096)	(249,310,205
Other assets (excluding advance taxation)		2,948,862	(7,447,373
Prepaid rent		(27,087,594)	
	_	(304,435,828)	(256,757,578
Increase in operating liabilities	_		
Other liabilities(excluding current taxation)		47,241,821	3,199,010
Deposits and other accounts		48,677,753	76,396,001
		95,919,574	79,595,017
		(98,482,575)	(112,380,261
Income tax paid		(22,767,869)	(11,433,525
Net cash used in operating activities	_	(121,250,444)	(123,813,786
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of HTM investment		(369,095,360)	
Purchase of property and equipment	13.1	(4,852,410)	(6,239,050
Purchase of intangible assets	13.2	(1,469,000)	(2,070,015
Net cash used in from investing activities		(375,416,770)	(8,309,065
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payment of Running finance facility	17.1	(76 E22 01E)	77 500 915
Borrowing from KBL	17.1	(76,522,815) 50,000,000	76,522,815
Borrowing from SBP	17.1	750,000,000	
Net cash generated from financing activities	17.5	723,477,185	76,522,815
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		226,809,971	(5E 600 02)
		A STATE OF THE STA	(55,600,036
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	27 -	369,326,574 596,136,545	424,926,610 369,326,574
	_		309,320,374
The annexed notes from 1 to 39 form an integral part of these finan	ncial statements. (ייי	
President & Chief Executive Chief Financial Officer	Chairman	Director	Director

1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Sindh Microfinance Bank Limited (the Bank) was incorporated on March 27, 2015 as a public unlisted company limited by shares under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (repealed by Companies Act 2017). The Bank obtained Microfinance banking license from State Bank of Pakistan on October 16, 2015, to operate in Sindh Province. Subsequently, the Bank received the certificate of commencement of business from Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) on November 30, 2015 and the certificate of commencement of Banking Business from State Bank of Pakistan on April 15, 2016. The Bank's registered office is situated at 39/F, 2nd Floor, Muhammad Ali Cooperative Housing Society, Karachi. The Bank's principal business is to provide microfinance services to the poor and underserved segment of the society as envisaged in the Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001.

The Bank is the wholly owned subsidiary of Sindh Bank Limited (the Holding bank). The Bank operates through branches and service centers spread within the province of Sindh, the network of branches and service centers comprise of 17 (2018: 13) branches and 58 (2018: 47) service centers.

The credit rating companies PACRA has maintained the long term rating of the Bank at "A-" and short term rating at "A2" as of September 30, 2019.

2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These financial statements have been presented in accordance with the requirements of Banking Supervision Department (BSD) Circular No. 11 dated December 30, 2003 issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP).

3 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the directives and prudential regulations issued by SBP, the requirements of the Microfinance Institution Ordinance, 2001 (the MFI Ordinance), the Companies Act, 2017 (the Companies Act) and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), and interpretations issued by the Standards Interpretation Committee of IASB as adopted in Pakistan. In case where provisions of directives issued by the SBP and SECP, the MFI Ordinance and the Companies Act differ with the requirements of these standards, such provisions of directives issued by SBP and SECP, the MFI Ordinance and the Companies Act shall prevail.

The SBP vide BSD Circular No. 10, dated 26 August 2002 has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" and IAS 40, "Investment Property" for banking companies till further instructions. Further, the SECP vide its SRO 633 (I)/ 2014, dated 10 July 2014 has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", IAS 40, "Investment Property" and International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" for banking companies till further instructions.

The SBP vide BPRD Circular No. 04 of 2019, dated October 23, 2019 has extended the date of implementation of IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' to January 1, 2021 for all microfinance banks. Accordingly, the requirements of this standard have not been considered in the preparation of these financial statements. However, investments have been classified and valued in accordance with the requirements prescribed by SBP through various circulars / regulations.

4 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

4.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for obligations in respect of defined benefit plan and lease liabilities against right of use assets, which are carried at present value.

These financial statements have been prepared following accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow statement.

4.2 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Bank operates. The financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees which is the Bank's functional and presentation currency.

4.3 Use of critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that may affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised.

Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates in these financial statements relate to the:

	Note
a) Provision against non performing advances	7.2
b) Useful life of depreciable assets	7.3
c) Impairment of non-financial assets	7.4
d) Provision for taxation	7.5
e) Provision for gratuity	7.6
d) Lease term for ROU asset	8.1

However, assumptions and significant judgments made by the management in the application of accounting policies that have significant effect on the financial statements are not expected to result in material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next year.

5 STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS TO APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

5.1 Standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards that are relevant to the Bank and adopted in the current year

The Bank has adopted the following new standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations of IFRSs which became effective during the current year.

Standard or Interpretation	IASB effective date (Annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'	July 1, 2018
IFRS 16 'Leases'	January 1, 2019
IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments'	January 1, 2019
IAS 19 'Plan Amendment, Curtail or Settlement' (Amendments to IAS 19)	January 1, 2019
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2015 - 2017 Cycle	January 1, 2019

Adoption of the above standard have no significant effect on the amounts for the year ended December 31, 2019 except for IFRS 16 'Lease', as mentioned in note 8.

5.2 Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are effective but not relevant

IAS 28 'Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures' (Amendments to IAS 28) became effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2019, but considered not to be relevant on the financial reporting and operations of the Bank.

5.3 Standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards that are relevant but not yet effective and not early adopted by the Bank

IFRS 9 'Financial instruments' - This standard is effective for periods beginning from or after July 1, 2018. This standard replaces the guidance in IAS 39. It includes requirements on the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities; it also includes an expected credit losses model that replaces the current incurred loss impairment model. State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) through BPRD Circular No. 04 of 2019, deferred the effective date to January 1, 2021.

The following new standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation.

Standard or Interpretation	IASB effective date (Annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 14 'Regulatory Deferral accounts'	July 1, 2019
IFRS 3 'Definition of a business' Amendment to IFRS 3	January 1, 2020
IAS 1/IAS 8 'Definition of Material' (Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8)	January 1, 2020
Various Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in	
IFRS Standards	January 1, 2020

The Bank is in the process of assessing the impact of these Standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards on the financial statements of the Bank.

5.4 Standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards that are not yet notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)

Following new standards have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

Standard or Interpretation	IASB effective date (Annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 17 'Insurance Contracts'	January 1, 2022
IFRS 1 'First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting	July 1, 2009

6 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES IN THE CURRENT REPORTING PERIOD

	Note	2019 Rupees	2018 Rupces
Advances	12	846,055,017	589,666,316
Provisions	12	(14,388,287)	(6,564,554)
Deposits	16	126,446,866	77,769,113
Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan	17	750,000,000	_

During the year the bank disbursed advances to 50,157 (2018: 38,474) parties.

The amount of provision represents general and specific provision against advances held in accordance with the requirements of prudential regulations for microfinance banks.

Borrowings from SBP represents fund obtained under LOCF scheme from State Bank of Pakistan as described in 17.3.

During the year, IFRS 16 'Leases' became applicable to microfinance banks vide BPRD Circular Letter No. 08 of 2019 dated April 30, 2019 issued by State Bank of Pakistan. IFRS 16 replaces existing guidance on accounting for leases and introduces an on-balance sheet lease accounting model for leases entered by the lessee. A lessee recognizes a right-of use asset representing its right of using the underlying asset and a corresponding lease liability representing its obligations to make lease payments. The impact of the adoption of IFRS 16 on the Bank's financial statements is disclosed in note 8.

7 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted and applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all year presented, unless otherwise stated.

7.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and bank balances are stated at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprises of cash in hand, balances with State Bank of Pakistan (SBP), National Bank of Pakistan (NBP) and balances held with other banks in current and deposit accounts with maturities of less then three months.

7.2 Advances - net of provisions

Advances are stated net of specific and general provisions which are determined on the basis of the Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks issued by SBP. Advances are written off according to the Prudential Regulations or when there is no realistic prospect of recovery. These regulations prescribe a time based criteria for classification of non-performing advances into the following categories:

- a) Other assets especially mentioned (OAEM): These are advances in arrears (payments / installments overdue) for 30 days or more but less than 60 days.
- b) Substandard: These are advances in arrears (payments / installments overdue) for 60 days or more but less than 90 days.
- c) Doubtful: These are advances in arrears (payments / installments overdue) for 90 days or more but less than 180 days.
- d) Loss: These are advances in arrears (payments / installments overdue) for 180 days or more.

In addition, the Bank maintains a watchlist of all accounts overdue for 5-29 days. However, such accounts are not treated as non-performing for the purpose of classification and provisioning.

In accordance with the Prudential Regulations the bank maintains specific provision for potential loan losses for all non performing loans net of cash the following rates:

OAEM	NIL
Substandard	25%
Doubtful	50%
Loss	100%

Further, a general provision is maintained equivalent to 1% of the net outstanding balance (advances net of specific provisions) for potential loan losses. However, general provision is not required in cases where loans have been secured against cash collaterals with appropriate margin.

Specific and general provisions are charged to profit and loss account in the period in which they occur.

Non-performing advances are written off one month after the loan is classified as 'Loss' in accordance with the requirements of the prudential regulations for microfinance banks issued by the State Bank of Pakistan. However, the Bank continues its efforts for recovery of the written off balances.

7.3 Operating fixed assets

Property and equipment

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment losses (if any). Cost of property and equipment's consists of purchase price which is equal to the fair value of consideration paid at the time of acquisition or construction of the asset plus directly attributable costs in bringing the asset to their working conditions.

Depreciation is charged on additions from the month in which asset is available for use, using the straight line method, to the month of disposal.

Gain or loss on disposal, if any, are recognized in the profit and loss account in the year in which they arise.

Subsequent costs are included in an asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset as appropriate, only when it is probable that future benefits associated with the item will flow to the Bank and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to the profit and loss account as and when incurred.

Capital work-in-progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. All expenditures connected with specific assets incurred during installation and related advances there against, if any, are carried under this head. These are transferred to specific assets as and when assets become available for use.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortized from the month when these assets are available for use, using the straight line method, whereby the cost of the intangible assets are amortized over its estimated useful lives over which economic benefits are expected to flow to the Bank. The useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each statement of financial position date.

Right of use assets (ROUA)

The Bank recognizes 'Right of use asset' (ROUA) in respect of the leases measured as the present value of the remaining lease payments on property lease agreements and discounted using the incremental borrowing rate for the Bank. These assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the lease term as this method most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits. These assets are also reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of lease liability.

7.4 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amount of assets are reviewed at each statement of financial position date for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of the assets may not be recoverable. If such indication exists and where the carrying value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts. Recoverable amount is the greater of net selling price and value in use. The resulting impairment loss is taken to the profit and loss account.

7.5 Taxation

Current

The charge of current tax is based on taxable income at the applicable rate of taxation after taking into account available tax credits and rebates. Income for the purpose of computing current taxation is determined under the provisions of tax laws.

Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are subsequently reduced, where required, to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except in the case of items credited or charged to statement of changes in equity, in which case it is included in equity.

7.6 Staff retirement benefits

Defined contribution plan

The Bank operates a recognized provident fund for its eligible employees. Equal monthly contributions are made, both by the Bank and the employees, to the Fund at the rate of 10% of basic salary.

Defined benefit plan

The Bank operates an unfunded gratuity scheme for its eligible permanent employees completing the minimum qualifying services period of three years. Provision is made annually on the basis of actuarial recommendations based on Projected Unit Credit (PUC) method with corresponding impact recognized in profit and loss account including past service costs. Measurement gain or loss is recognized in statement of comprehensive income in the year in which they arise.

7.7 Deposits

Deposits are recorded at the proceeds received. Mark up accrued on these deposits, if any, is recognized separately as part of other liabilities, and is charged to profit and loss account over the period.

7.8 Borrowings

Borrowings are recorded at the proceeds received.

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which these are incurred except where such costs are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying asset in which case such costs are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset.

7.9 Investments

The investments of the Bank, upon initial recognition, are classified as held-for-trading, held-to-maturity and available-for-sale, as appropriate.

Investments (other than held-for-trading) are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs associated with the investments. Held-for-trading investments are initially measured at fair value and transaction costs are expensed out in

All purchase and sale of investments are recognized using settlement date accounting. Settlement date is the date on which investments are delivered to or by the Bank. All investments are derecognized when the right to receive economic benefit from investment has been expired or transferred and the Bank has transferred all risk and rewards of ownership.

7.9.1 Held-for-trading

These represent securities which are either acquired for the purpose of generating profit from short term fluctuations in prices or dealer's margin or are securities included in the portfolio in which a pattern of short term profit making exists. After initial measurement, such investments are carried at fair value and the gain / (loss) arising as a result of revaluation is taken to profit and loss account.

7.9.2 Held-to-maturity

These are securities with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities which the Bank has the intention and ability to hold till maturity. After initial measurement, such investments are carried at amortized cost.

7.9.3 Available-for-sale

These are investments which do not fall under the held-for-trading and held-to maturity categories. After initial measurement, such investments are measured at fair value. The gain / (loss) arising on revaluation is shown in the statement of financial position below equity which is taken to the profit and loss account when actually realized upon disposal.

Premium or discount on securities classified as available-for-sale and held-to-maturity is amortized using effective interest method and taken to profit and loss account.

Provision for impairment in the value of equity securities is made after considering objective evidence of impairment. Provision for diminution in the value of debt securities is made as per the requirements of the prudential regulations and charged to profit and loss account.

7.10 Statutory reserve

The Bank is required under Microfinance Institution Ordinance, 2001 and Prudential Regulation "R-4 - Statutory Reserve", to create a reserve fund to which shall be credited an amount equal to at least 20% of its annual profits after taxes till such time the reserve fund equals the paid-up capital of the bank and thereafter, a sum not less than 5% of its annual profit after taxes.

7.11 Depositors' protection fund

The Bank is required under Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001 to contribute 5% of its annual after tax profit and profit earned on investments of the fund shall be credited to the Depositors' Protection Fund for the purpose of providing security or guarantee to persons depositing money in the Bank.

7.12 Revenue recognition

- Mark-up / return / interest earned on advances, investments and bank balances is recognized on a time proportion basis, except in the case of advances classified under the Prudential Regulations on which mark-up is recognized on
- Gain or loss on sale of securities is accounted for in the period in which the sale / settlement occurs.
- Fee, commission and brokerage income is recognized as services are rendered.
- Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive dividend is established.
- Other income is recognized on accrual basis when then financial services have been rendered.

7.13 Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses are charged to profit and loss account, on accrual basis of accounting in the period in which these are incurred.

7.14 Dividend distribution

Dividends and other appropriations (except appropriations which are required by law) are recognized in the period in which these are approved.

Dividend made subsequent to the date of statement of financial position are considered as non-adjusting events and are recorded in the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standards (IAS) 10, 'Events after the Balance Sheet Date' in the period in which they are approved.

7.15 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized at the trade date, i.e. the date at which the Bank becomes party to a contractual provision of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are derecognized when they are distinguished i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the financial assets and liabilities are taken to income directly.

7.16 Financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial instruments carried on the statement of financial position include cash and balances with treasury banks, balances with other banks, lending to financial institutions, investments, advances, other assets, borrowings, deposits and other liabilities. The particular measurement methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

7.17 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

7.18 Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. However, provisions are reviewed at each statement of financial position date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

A contingent liability is disclosed when the Bank has a possible obligation as a result of past event, existence of which will be confirmed only by occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Bank or the Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation that arises from past events, but is not probable that an outflow of recourses embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

7.19 Earnings per shares

The Bank presents earnings per share (EPS) for its ordinary shares which is calculated by dividing the profits or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Bank by weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effect of all diluted potential ordinary shares (if any).

7.20 General

Figures have been rounded-off to nearest rupee, unless stated otherwise.

Where there are no amounts to be disclosed in the captions as prescribed by BSD circular No.11 dated December 30, 2003 issued by the SBP in respect of form of the financial statements for microfinance banks, these captions have not been reproduced in these financial statements, except for the captions of the balance sheet and profit and loss account.

7.21 Related party transactions

Transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course of the business are conducted at arm's length at normal commercial rates on the same terms and conditions as third transactions using valuation modes as admissible, unless disclosed otherwise.

8 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

During the year, IFRS 16 'Leases' became applicable to microfinance banks vide BPRD Circular Letter No. 08 of 2019 issued by State Bank of Pakistan. IFRS 16 replaces existing guidance on accounting for leases, including IAS 17 'Leases', IFRIC 4 'Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease', SIC-15 'Operating Leases - Incentive', and SIC-27 'Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease'.

On adoption of IFRS 16, the Bank has recognised liabilities in respect of all property lease agreements of branches and service centers being operated by the Bank, which was previously being recorded as rent expense in profit and loss account. The Bank has adopted IFRS 16 from January 1, 2019 using the modified retrospective restatement approach and has not restated comparatives for the 2018 reporting period, as permitted under the specific transitional provisions in the standard.

The Bank has recognised lease liabilities and related 'Right of use asset' (ROUA) in respect of the leases measured as the present value of the remaining lease payments on property lease agreements and discounted using the reference rate of six month's KIBOR. The lease liability will be subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method and adjusted with the impact of rent prepayments.

From January 1, 2019, leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Bank. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

The right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the lease term as this method most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits. The right-of-use assets are reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of lease liability.

The effect of recognition of IFRS 16 on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019 was as follows:

December 31

Lanuary

	2019	1, 2019
Note	Rup	ees
13.3	36,139,973	43,240,194
		-
	(8,116,483)	(6,659,808)
	28,023,490	36,580,386
18.2	(29,722,597)	36,580,386
	(1,699,107)	
	13.3	13.3 36,139,973 (8,116,483) 28,023,490 18.2 (29,722,597)

Impact on Profit and Loss account for the year ended December 31, 2019	Note	Rupees
Increase in mark-up expense - lease liability against right-of-use assets	22	(4,463,871)
(Increase) / decrease in administrative expenses:		
- Depreciation on right-of-use assets	23	(16,206,348)
- Rent expense		19,087,721
		2,881,373
Decrease in profit before tax		(1,582,498)
Decrease in taxation		458,924
Decrease in profit after tax		(1,123,574)

Earning per share (EPS) for the year ended December 31, 2019 is Rs 0.01 lower as a result of the adoption of IFRS 16.

8.1 Significant assumptions used

Discount rate

Lease liabilities were initially measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the six month's KIBOR i.e. 13.49%.

Lease term

The Bank has calculated the lease liabilities on initial recognition by calculating present value of rent payments for a period of 3 years.

			2019	2018
9 CA	ASH AND BALANCES WITH SBP AND NBP	Note	Rupe	ees
Ca	ash in hand			
Lo	ocal currency		737,313	534,674
Ba	alances with State Bank of Pakistan in			
Lo	ocal currency deposit accounts	9.1	10,988,367	12,881,438
Ba	alances with National Bank of Pakistan in			
Lo	ocal currency deposit account	9.2	1,924,707	6,703,156
		_	13,650,387	20,119,268

- 9.1 This represents balance held with SBP to meet the requirement of maintaining a minimum balance equivalent to 5% (2018: 5%) and 10% (2018: 10%) as liquidity reserve of the Bank's time and demand deposits with a tenure of less than one year, in accordance with regulation R-3A of the prudential regulations.
- 9.2 This represents balance held in saving accounts carrying mark-up at an annual rate of 8.5% (2018: 6.5%)

			2019	2018
10	BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS/NBFIs/MFBs	Note	Rup	ees
	In Pakistan			
	- Local currency current account		-	-
	- Local currency deposit account	10.1	332,486,158	249,207,306
			332,486,158	249,207,306

10.1 It includes the accounts maintained with the Sindh Bank Limited (the Holding bank) in daily product saving account carrying mark-up at an annual rate of 11.25% (2018: 6.15% to 8.75%), balances with U-Microfinance Bank carrying mark-up at an annual rate of 13.75% (2018: 11.15%), and Khushhali Bank Limited carrying mark-up at an annual rate of 14.40% (2018: 10.75%).

44	DATE OF DELL'AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND	POWEION			Note	2019	2018
11	INVESTMENT - NET OF P	ROVISIONS	•		Note	Rup	oees
	Held to maturity (HTM)						
	Federal Government securities						
	- Market treasury bills (T-bills	s)			11.1	19,095,360	-
	Term deposits receipts (TDRs)				11.2	600,000,000	100,000,000
						619,095,360	100,000,000
11.1	This represents treasury bills carr	ying interest	at the rate of	13.10%	per annum with	h maturity on May	7, 2020.
						2019	2018
11.2	Details of term deposits receip	ots				Ru ₁	pees
		Matt	arity	Inte	erest rate		
		2019	2018	2019	2018		
	Telenor Microfinance Bank	-	3 months	-	8%	-	50,000,000
	U-Microfinance Bank Limited	1 month	2 months	14.40%	% 10.25%	100,000,000	50,000,000
	U-Microfinance Bank Limited	1 month	-	14.35%	/o -	100,000,000	-
	Khushali Microfinance Bank	2 months	-	14.40%	/o -	50,000,000	_
	Khushali Microfinance Bank	5 months	-	14.40%	/o -	250,000,000	-
	Khushali Microfinance Bank	11 months	-	14.00%	/o -	100,000,000	-
						600,000,000	100,000,000
12	ADVANCES - NET OF PRO	VISIONS					
				2019		20	18
			Numbe	rof	Amount	Number of	Amount
		Note	loan	s ou	utstanding	loans	outstanding
			outstand	ding	(Rupees)	outstanding	(Rupees)
	Micro Credit				1	1	
	-Unsecured		50,	601 8	46,055,017	37,243	589,666,316
	Less: Provision held						
	- General	12.2		-	(8,329,505)	-	(5,876,139)
	- Specific			-	(6,058,782)	-	(688,415)
		12.3		- ((14,388,287)	-	(6,564,554)
	Microcredit advances-						
	net of provisions		50,	,601 8	31,666,730	37,243	583,101,762
	Staff loans	12.5		1	18,307,086	-	-
	Advances (net of provisions	s)	50,		49,973,816	37,243	583,101,762
12.1							
12.1	Particulars of non-performing						
	Advances include Rs. 16.5 mi	llion (2018:	2.4 million)	which,	as detailed be	low, have been p	laced under non-

Advances include Rs. 16.5 million (2018: 2.4 million) which, as detailed below, have been placed under non-performing status:

		2019		2018					
Category of Classification	Amount Outstanding	an area and agency to the same.	Provisions Held	Amount Outstanding	Provisions Required	Provisions Held			
			Rupe	es					
OAEM	3,404,685	-	-	352,656	-	-			
Substandard	4,492,790	1,123,198	1,123,198	1,433,258	358,315	358,315			
Doubtful	7,352,248	3,676,124	3,676,124	578,005	289,003	289,003			
Loss	1,259,460	1,259,460	1,259,460	41,097	41,097	41,097			
	16,509,183	6,058,782	6,058,782	2,405,016	688,415	688,415			

SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

12.2 This represents general provision equivalent to 1% of outstanding unsecured advances held in accordance with the requirements of Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks.

12.3	Particulars of provision		2019			2018				
	against non-performing advances	Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total			
				Rupee	:S					
	Opening balance	688,415	5,876,139	6,564,554	-	3,418,171	3,418,171			
	Charge for the year	8,878,473	2,453,366	11,331,839	856,265	2,457,968	3,314,233			
	Write off	(3,508,106)	-	(3,508,106)	(167,850)	-	(167,850)			
	Closing balance	6,058,782	8,329,505	14,388,287	688,415	5,876,139	6,564,554			
12.4	12.4 Particulars of write offs:	Note		2019		2018				
			Number o			Number of customers				
	Against provision	12.3	21	9 3,508,1	106	8				
	Directly charged to profit									
	and loss account	12.4.1	12	2,093,2	03	98	1,283,038			
			34	5,601,3	09	106	1,450,888			

- 12.4.1 This represents write-off against unsecured micro credit advances which were not recovered due to death of loan holders.
- 12.5 This represents housing finance loan given to chief executive officer of the Bank amounting to Rs. 19 million. The terms including amount of loan, period, and interest rate have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Bank in their meeting held on June 25, 2019. The movement of the loan is presented below:

		2019	2018
	Note	Rupe	es
Amount of loan disbursed		19,000,000	-
Interest charged during the year	21	180,538	-
Deductions from salary during the year		(873,452)	-
Balance as at year end		18,307,086	-

SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

2018	11,810,365 2,535,432	14,345,797		Rate of Depreciation		20%	5%	10%	20%			, e	Kate of Depreciation		20%	2%	10%	20%	
2019 Rupees-	13,390,230 3,248,241 36,139,973	52,778,444	Net book	value at Dec 31, 2019		9,838,295	2,359,786	991,848	200,301	13,390,230		Mat Look and an	at Dec 31, 2018		8,354,200	1,843,735	920,628	691,802	11,810,365
Note	13.1		CIATION	As at Dec 31, 2019		5,377,079	240,863	332,135	2,257,199	8,207,276		CIATION	As at Dec 31, 2018		2,825,711	128,919	214,403	1,765,698	4,934,731
			ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	Charge for the year		2,551,368	111,944	117,732	491,501	3,272,545		ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	Charge for the year		1,679,959	85,825	127,800	491,501	2,385,085
			ACCUMUL	As at Jan 1, 2019	Rupees	2,825,711	128,919	214,403	1,765,698	4,934,731	*	ACCUMUI	As at Jan 1, 2018	Rupees	1,145,752	43,094	86,603	1,274,197	2,549,645
				As at Dec 31, 2019		15,215,374	2,600,649	1,323,983	2,457,500	21,597,506			As at Dec 31, 2018		11,179,911	1,972,654	1,135,031	2,457,500	16,745,096
			COST	Additions		4,035,463	627,995	188,952	1	4,852,410		COST	Additions		5,363,223	468,251	407,576	1	6,239,050
			As at Jan 1, 2019		11,179,911	1,972,654	1,135,031	2,457,500	16,745,096			As at Jan 1, 2018		5,816,688	1,504,403	727,455	2,457,500	10,506,046	
13 OPERATING FIXED ASSETS	Property and equipment Intangible assets Right of use assets (ROUA)	13.1 Property and equipment				Office equipment	Office improvement	Furniture and fixture	Vehicles	Total					Office equipment	Office improvement	Furniture and fixture	Vehicles	Total

SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

13.2 Intangible assets

		COST		ACCUMUI	ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION	FIZATION	Net book	OSAN IN SOMETH
	As at Jan 1, 2019	Additions	As at Dec 31, 2019	As at Jan 1, 2019	Amortization	As at Dec 31, 2019	value at Dec 31, 2019	Rate of amortization
Software Total	3,780,953	1,469,000	5,249,953	Rupees	756,191	2,001,712	3,248,241	20%
		COST		ACCUMU	ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION	TZATION	-	
	As at Jan 1, 2018	Additions	As at Dec 31, 2018	As at Jam 1, 2018	Amortization	As at Dec 31, 2018	Net book value at Dec 31, 2018	Rate of amortization
Software	1,710,938	2,070,015	3,780,953	Rupees 654,922	590,599	1,245,521	2,535,432	20%
Total	1,710,938	2,070,015	3,780,953	654,922	590,599	1,245,521	2,535,432	

13.3 Right of use assets (ROUA)

The right-of-use assets for property leases for all branches and service centers were measured on a retrospective basis as if the new rules had always been applied.

2018	1	jį.	ï	1	.1	
2019	Rupees	43,240,194	9,106,127	(16,206,348)	36,139,973	
Note				23		
		Balance as at initial application i.e. January 01, 2019	Additions during the year	Depreciation expense charged for the year	Right of use assets (ROUA) - as of December 31, 2019	

					2019	2018
14	OTHER ASSETS				Rupe	ees
	Income/ mark-up accrued on advan	nces			17,127,408	12,239,334
	Profit receivable on TDR's				9,773,425	3,988,352
	Advances, prepayments and deposi	ts			2,600,979	16,222,988
	Advance tax - net of provision				3,312,655	4,229,121
					32,814,467	36,679,795
15	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS / L	IABILITES	- NET			
	Deferred tax assets arising on account	ant of tempo	rary deductible			
	difference in:	1		Г	4 172 (02	
	 Provision against advances and Employee benefit 	other assets			4,172,603 2,518,676	-
	- Lease finance facility				10,973,333	
	Delise inflance memity			L	17,664,612	-
	Deferred tax Liabilities arising on a	ccount of ter	nporary taxable			
	difference in:			r		(500 500)
	- Operating fixed assets				(490,916)	(503,589)
	- Right to use assets			l	(10,480,592) (10,971,508)	(503,589)
	Net deferred tax assets / (liabilities	١			6,693,104	(503,589)
	Tvet deterred tax assets / (naphries	,			0,075,101	(303,307)
			2	019	201	
16	DEPOSITS AND	Note	Number of	Amount outstanding	Number of	Amount outstanding
10	OTHER ACCOUNTS	Note	accounts	(Rupees)	accounts	(Rupees)
	Current deposits		10	10,827,439	10	13,422,267
	Savings deposits	16.2	73,198	115,619,427	46,954	64,346,846
			73,208	126,446,866	46,964	77,769,113
16.1	Particulars of deposits by owner	ship				
	1) Individual depositors		73,207	26,446,866	46,963	27,769,113
	2) Institutional depositors					
	a) Corporation/firms		-	-	*	-
	b) Banks/financial institution		1	100,000,000	1	50,000,000
			73,208	126,446,866	46,964	77,769,113
16.2	These are remunerative saving deper annum (2018: 4% to 12.15%).	osits of corp	porate and indiv	ridual clients carry	ing interest rate of	8.00% to 14.60%
	per amuni (2010. 470 to 12.1370).				2040	2010
17	BORROWINGS			Note	2019 Rup	2018
		* /*/ /* *	D.I.			
	Borrowings from banks/ financial		Pakistan	17.1	50,000,000	76,522,815
	Borrowings from State Bank of Pa	KISTAN		17.3	750,000,000	76,522,815
17.1	Borrowings from banks/	C		9		70,322,013
17.1	Borrowings from banks/ institution in Pakistan	financial				
	Secured Borrowings from Sindh Bank Limit	ted			-	76,522,815
		icu				, 0,522,015
	Unsecured			17.0	50,000,000	¥
	Call borrowings			17.2	50,000,000	76,522,815
					30,000,000	10,322,013

- 17.2 This represents call borrowing from Khushali Bank Limited at the rate of 14.60% p.a.
- 17.3 During the year, the Bank obtained borrowing from the State Bank of Pakistan under its line of credit fund Scheme. A total amount of Rs. 750 million was sanctioned and was received by the Bank in two tranches. The first tranche of Rs. 109.22 million received at markup rate of six months KIBOR +1% (ranging from 11.86% to 14.13% during the year) and the second tranche of Rs. 640.78 million was received at a markup rate of six months KIBOR-1% (ranging from 12.03% to 12.13% during the year). The interest on the facility is payable bi-annually and the principle can be repaid within 5 years by 2024.

			2019	2018
18	OTHER LIABILITIES	Note	Rupee	es
	Mark-up/Return/ Interest payable		47,911,410	1,646,730
	Audit fee payable		500,000	478,000
	EOBI payable		211,379	115,439
	Withholding tax payable		519,846	465,449
	Employees provident fund payable		602,282	512,490
	Gratuity payable	18.1	8,591,867	5,246,750
	Other payable		3,398,828	2,710,851
	Lease liability against right of use assets	18.2	29,722,597	-
			91,458,209	11,175,708

18.1 Gratuity payable

The Bank operates an unapproved and unfunded gratuity scheme for all of its eligible employees. Number of employees covered under the scheme are 274.

	2019	2018
Note	Rupee	es
	5,246,750	-
18.1.4	3,251,890	5,246,750
18.1.5	93,227	-
	-	-
	8,591,867	5,246,750
	18.1.4	NoteRupec 5,246,750 18.1.4 3,251,890 18.1.5 93,227

18.1.1 Principal actuarial assumptions

The latest actuarial valuation of the gratuity scheme was carried out on 31 December 2019 by Nauman Associates using the Projected Unit Credit Method. The following significant assumptions were used for valuation of the scheme:

	2019	2018
Discount rate used for interest cost in P&L charge	13.25%	8.25%
Discount rate used for year end obligation	11.25%	13.25%
Salary increase used for year end obligation		
Salary increase FY2019	N/A	12.25%
Salary increase FY2020	10.25%	12.25%
Salary increase FY2021	10.25%	12.25%
Next salary is increased at	01-Jan-20	01-Jan-19
Mortality rates	SLIC	SLIC
	2001 - 2005	2001-2005
Withdrawal rates	Age-Based	Age-Based
Retirement assumption	Age 60	Age 60

		2019	2018
18.1.2 Statement of financial position	Note	Rupee	S
Present value of defined benefit obligation payable		8,591,867	5,246,750
18.1.3 Changes in present value of defined benefit obligations			
Present value of defined benefit obligation		5,246,750	-
Current service cost	18.1.4	2,556,696	1,872,998
Past service cost (credit)		-	3,373,752
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	18.1.4	695,194	-
Remeasurements:			
Actuarial gains from changes in financial assumptions	18.1.5	(50,054)	-
Experience adjustments	18.1.5	143,281	-
		93,227	
Present value of defined benefit obligation		8,591,867	5,246,750
18.1.4 Expenses to be charged to P&L			
Current service cost		2,556,696	1,872,998
Past service cost (credit)		-	3,373,752
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation		695,194	-
Expense chargeable to P&L		3,251,890	5,246,750
18.1.5 Total remeasurements chargeable in other comprehensive	income		
Remeasurement of plan obligation:			
Actuarial gains from changes in financial assumptions		(50,054)	_
Experience adjustments		143,281	-
Total remeasurements chargeable in other comprehensive i	ncome	93,227	_
18.1.6 Changes in net liability			
Balance sheet liability		5,246,750	-
Expense chargeable to P&L		3,251,890	5,246,750
Remeasurements chargeable in other comprehensive income		93,227	_
Benefits paid		-	
Benefits payable transferred to short term liability		_	_
Balance sheet liability		8,591,867	5,246,750
18.1.7 Sensitivity analysis			

18.1.7 Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis has been performed by varying one assumption keeping all other assumptions constant and calculating the impact on the present value of the defined benefit obligations under the employee benefit schemes. The increase / (decrease) in the present value of defined benefit obligations as a result of change in each assumption is summarized below:

	2019	2018
Discount rate effect	Rupe	es
Discount rate + 100 bps	8,031,972	4,898,817
Discount rate - 100 bps	9,227,501	5,640,588
Salary increase + 100 bps	9,248,156	5,653,058
Salary increase - 100 bps	8,003,360	4,881,481
Expected benefit payments for next financial year - 2020	715,547	

			2019	2018
18.2	Lease liability against right of use assets	Note	Rupe	es
	Lease liabilities included in the statement of financial position			
	As at December 31, 2019		29,722,597	-
	Of which are:			
	Current lease liability		10,108,705	-
	Non-current lease liability		19,613,892	-
	,		29,722,597	
18.2.1	Movement in lease liability against right to use assets			
	Balance as at initial application i.e. January 01, 2019		43,240,194	S
	Additions during the year		9,106,127	_
	Interest expense charged for the year	22	4,463,872	-
	Lease rental payments for the year		(18,971,111)	-
	Lease rentals paid in advance		(8,116,483)	-
			29,722,599	-
18.2.2	Maturity analysis - contractual undiscounted cash flows			
	Upto one year		13,627,602	-
	Over one year and upto five years		20,728,318	-
			34,355,920	-
19	SHARE CAPITAL			
.,	Authorized share capital			
	2019 2018		2019	2018
	Number of Shares		Rupe	
	100,000,000 100,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 of	each		1,000,000,000
_				
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital			
			2019	2018
	2019 2018		2019Rupe	2018
		each	2019 Rupe	
	2019 2018Number of Shares	each		
19.1	2019 2018Number of Shares Ordinary shares of Rs. 10		750,000,000	es
19.1	2019 2018Number of Shares Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 75,000,000 75,000,000 fully paid in cash		750,000,000	es
	2019 2018Number of Shares Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 75,000,000 75,000,000 fully paid in cash Sindh Bank Limited is the parent bank holding 99.99% shares of S		750,000,000	es
	2019 2018Number of Shares Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 75,000,000 75,000,000 fully paid in cash Sindh Bank Limited is the parent bank holding 99.99% shares of S MEMORANDUM / OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS		750,000,000	es
	2019 2018Number of Shares Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 75,000,000 75,000,000 fully paid in cash Sindh Bank Limited is the parent bank holding 99.99% shares of S MEMORANDUM / OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS		750,000,000	750,000,000 2018
20	2019 2018Number of Shares Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 75,000,000 75,000,000 fully paid in cash Sindh Bank Limited is the parent bank holding 99.99% shares of S MEMORANDUM / OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS There are no contingencies as at year end (2018: Nil).		750,000,000	750,000,000 2018
20	2019 2018Number of Shares Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 75,000,000 75,000,000 fully paid in cash Sindh Bank Limited is the parent bank holding 99.99% shares of S MEMORANDUM / OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS There are no contingencies as at year end (2018: Nil). MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EARNED		750,000,000	750,000,000 2018
20	2019 2018Number of Shares Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 75,000,000 75,000,000 fully paid in cash Sindh Bank Limited is the parent bank holding 99.99% shares of S MEMORANDUM / OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS There are no contingencies as at year end (2018: Nil). MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EARNED On: - Advances		750,000,000	750,000,000 2018
20	2019 2018Number of Shares Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 75,000,000 75,000,000 fully paid in cash Sindh Bank Limited is the parent bank holding 99.99% shares of S MEMORANDUM / OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS There are no contingencies as at year end (2018: Nil). MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EARNED On:		750,000,000	2018 ees
20	2019 2018Number of Shares Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 75,000,000 75,000,000 fully paid in cash Sindh Bank Limited is the parent bank holding 99.99% shares of S MEMORANDUM / OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS There are no contingencies as at year end (2018: Nil). MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EARNED On: - Advances - Deposits / Placements with Banks /MFB etc.		750,000,000 Tinance Bank Limited. 2019Rupe 264,735,204 79,000,681	2018 ees

Nark-Up / RETURN / INTEREST EXPENSED Note				2019	2018
Deposits	22	MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EXPENSED	Note	Rupe	es
Leased liability		On:			
Borrowings 61,345,022 4,762,858 71,057,376 5,014,585 5		- Deposits		5,248,483	251,727
23 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES Salaries, wages and other allowances etc. 132,891,512 89,769,274 Contribution to defined contribution plan 3,874,564 2,924,309 Granuity expense 18.1 3,251,890 5,246,750					-
Salaries, wages and other allowances etc. 132,891,512 89,769,274		- Borrowings	9	61,345,022	4,762,858
Salaries, wages and other allowances etc. 132,891,512 89,769,274 Contribution to defined contribution plan 3,874,564 2,924,509 Gratuity expense 18.1 3,251,890 5,246,750 Staff welfare 893,064 589,118 Rent and taxes - 14,511,279 Directors' fee 384,000 264,000 Printing and stationery 2,086,273 3,041,334 Communication 3,063,475 3,151,219 Office supplies 37,669 56,716 Travelling and conveyance 3,302,815 2,837,921 Insurance 3,302,711 2,618,459 Training and development 811,226 730,869 Utilities 2,711,094 2,510,668 Branch setup cost 2,155,799 2,755,506 Advertisement & publicity 406,273 393,676 Depreciation expense on lease assets (ROUA) 13.3 16,206,348 - Amortization 13.2 756,191 590,599 Auditor's remuneration 23.1 738,150 899,76				71,057,376	5,014,585
Contribution to defined contribution plan 3,874,564 2,924,309	23	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
Gratuity expense 18.1 3,251,890 5,246,750 Staff welfare 893,064 589,118 Rent and taxes 14,511,279 Directors' fee 384,000 264,000 Printing and stationery 2,086,273 2,041,534 Communication 3,063,475 3,151,219 Office supplies 37,669 56,716 Travelling and conveyance 3,302,711 2,618,459 Insurance 3,302,711 2,618,459 Training and development 811,226 730,869 Utilities 2,711,094 2,510,668 Branch setup cost 2,150,799 2,755,506 Advertisement & publicity 406,273 393,676 Depreciation 13.1 3,275,415 2,385,085 Depreciation expense on lease assets (ROUA) 13.3 16,206,348 - Amortization 13.2 756,191 50,599 Auditor's remuneration 23.1 738,150 809,976 Bank charges 2,085,786 1,539,394 Office cleaning and m		Salaries, wages and other allowances etc.		132,891,512	89,769,274
Staff welfare 893,064 589,118 Rent and taxes 1 4,511,279 Directors' fee 384,000 264,000 Printing and stationery 2,086,273 2,041,334 Communication 3,063,475 3,151,219 Office supplies 37,669 56,716 Travelling and conveyance 3,936,855 2,837,921 Insurance 3,902,711 2,618,459 Training and development 811,226 730,869 Utilities 2,711,094 2,510,668 Branch scrup cost 2,150,799 2,755,506 Advertisement & publicity 406,273 393,676 Depreciation 13.1 3,272,545 2,385,085 Depreciation expense on lease assets (ROUA) 13.3 16,206,348 Depreciation expense on lease assets (ROUA) 13.3 16,206,348 Amortization 23.1 738,150 809,976 Bank charges 2,085,786 1,539,394 Office cleaning and maintenance 1,073,689 1,599,507 Le		Contribution to defined contribution plan		3,874,564	2,924,309
Rent and taxes 14,511,279 Directors' fee 384,000 264,000 Printing and stationery 2,086,273 2,041,334 Communication 3,663,475 3,151,219 Office supplies 37,669 56,716 Travelling and conveyance 3,936,855 2,837,921 Insurance 3,302,711 2,618,459 Training and development 811,226 730,869 Utilities 2,711,094 2,510,668 Branch setup cost 2,150,799 2,755,506 Advertisement & publicity 406,273 393,676 Depreciation 13.1 3,272,545 2,385,085 Depreciation expense on lease assets (ROUA) 13.3 16,206,348 - Amortization 13.2 756,191 550,599 Auditor's remuneration 23.1 738,150 80,976 Bank charges 2,085,786 1,539,394 Office cleaning and maintenance 1,073,689 1,599,567 Legal and professional fee 84,870 199,405 Fee and subscrip		Gratuity expense	18.1	3,251,890	5,246,750
Directors' fee 384,000 264,000 Printing and stationery 2,086,273 2,041,334 Communication 3,063,475 3,151,219 Office supplies 37,669 56,716 Travelling and conveyance 3,936,855 2,837,921 Insurance 3,302,711 2,618,459 Training and development 811,226 730,869 Utilities 2,711,094 2,510,668 Branch setup cost 2,150,799 2,755,506 Advertisement & publicity 406,273 393,676 Depreciation expense on lease assets (ROUA) 13.1 3,272,545 2,385,085 Depreciation expense on lease assets (ROUA) 13.3 16,206,348 - Amortization 13.2 756,191 590,599 Auditor's remuneration 23.1 738,150 809,976 Bank charges 2,085,786 1,539,394 Office cleaning and maintenance 1,073,689 1,599,567 Legal and professional fee 84,870 199,405 Fee and subscription 4,710,104 <t< td=""><td></td><td>Staff welfare</td><td></td><td>893,064</td><td>589,118</td></t<>		Staff welfare		893,064	589,118
Printing and stationery 2,086,273 2,041,334 Communication 3,063,475 3,151,219 Office supplies 37,669 56,716 Travelling and conveyance 3,936,855 2,837,921 Insurance 3,930,2711 2,618,459 Training and development 811,226 730,869 Utilities 2,711,094 2,510,668 Branch setup cost 2,150,799 2,755,066 Advertisement & publicity 406,273 393,676 Depreciation 13.1 3,272,545 2,385,085 Depreciation expense on lease assets (ROUA) 13.3 16,206,348 - Amortization 13.2 756,191 590,599 Auditor's remuneration 23.1 738,150 80,976 Bank charges 2,085,786 1,539,394 Office cleaning and maintenance 1,073,689 1,599,590 Legal and professional fee 84,870 199,405 Fee and subscription 4,710,104 1,902,892 IT equipment and software maintenance 4,289,009 4,		Rent and taxes		-	14,511,279
Communication 3,063,475 3,151,219 Office supplies 37,669 56,716 Travelling and conveyance 3,936,855 2,837,921 Insurance 3,302,711 2,618,459 Training and development 811,226 730,869 Utilities 2,711,094 2,510,668 Branch setup cost 2,150,799 2,755,506 Advertisement & publicity 406,273 393,676 Depreciation 13.1 3,272,545 2,385,085 Depreciation expense on lease assets (ROUA) 13.3 16,206,348 - Amortization 13.2 756,191 590,599 Auditor's remuneration 23.1 738,150 809,976 Bank charges 2,085,786 1,539,394 Office cleaning and maintenance 1,073,689 1,599,567 Legal and professional fee 84,870 199,405 Fee and subscription 4,710,104 1,902,892 IT equipment and software maintenance 4,298,009 4,781,543 Others 350,000 20,000		Directors' fee		384,000	264,000
Office supplies 37,669 56,716 Travelling and conveyance 3,936,855 2,837,921 Insurance 3,306,2711 2,618,459 Training and development 811,226 730,869 Utilities 2,711,094 2,510,668 Branch setup cost 2,150,799 2,755,506 Advertisement & publicity 406,273 393,676 Depreciation 13.1 3,272,545 2,385,085 Depreciation expense on lease assets (ROUA) 13.3 16,206,348 - Amortization 13.2 756,191 590,599 Auditor's remuneration 23.1 738,150 809,976 Bank charges 2,085,786 1,539,394 Office cleaning and maintenance 1,073,689 1,599,567 Legal and professional fee 84,870 199,405 Fee and subscription 4,710,104 1,902,892 IT equipment and software maintenance 4,298,009 4,781,543 Others 350,000 210,000 Provident fund audit fee 30,000 60,000		Printing and stationery		2,086,273	2,041,334
Travelling and conveyance 3,936,855 2,837,921 Insurance 3,302,711 2,618,459 Training and development 811,226 730,869 Utilities 2,711,094 2,510,668 Branch setup cost 2,150,799 2,755,506 Advertisement & publicity 406,273 393,676 Depreciation 13.1 3,272,545 2,385,085 Depreciation expense on lease assets (ROUA) 13.3 16,206,348		Communication		3,063,475	3,151,219
Insurance 3,302,711 2,618,459 Training and development 811,226 730,869 Utilities 2,711,094 2,510,668 Eranch setup cost 2,150,799 2,755,506 Advertisement & publicity 406,273 393,676 Depreciation 13.1 3,272,545 2,385,085 Depreciation expense on lease assets (ROUA) 13.3 16,206,348		Office supplies		37,669	56,716
Training and development 811,226 730,869 Utilities 2,711,094 2,510,668 Branch setup cost 2,150,799 2,755,506 Advertisement & publicity 406,273 393,676 Depreciation 13.1 3,272,545 2,385,085 Depreciation expense on lease assets (ROUA) 13.3 16,206,348 - Amortization 13.2 756,191 590,599 Auditor's remuneration 23.1 738,150 809,976 Bank charges 2,085,786 1,539,394 Office cleaning and maintenance 1,073,689 1,599,567 Legal and professional fee 84,870 199,405 Fee and subscription 4,710,104 1,902,892 IT equipment and software maintenance 4,298,009 4,781,543 Others 843,976 729,249 17 equipment and software maintenance 4,298,009 4,781,543 Others 350,000 20,000 Provident fund audit fee 350,000 50,000 Half yearly review fee 115,500 95		Travelling and conveyance		3,936,855	2,837,921
Utilities 2,711,094 2,510,668 Branch setup cost 2,150,799 2,755,506 Advertisement & publicity 406,273 393,676 Depreciation 13.1 3,272,545 2,385,085 Depreciation expense on lease assets (ROUA) 13.3 16,206,348 Amortization 13.2 756,191 590,599 Auditor's remuneration 23.1 738,150 809,976 Bank charges 2,085,786 1,539,394 Office cleaning and maintenance 1,073,689 1,599,567 Legal and professional fee 84,870 199,405 Fee and subscription 4,710,104 1,902,892 IT equipment and software maintenance 4,2298,009 4,781,543 Others 843,976 729,249 193,871,073 144,938,808 23.1 Auditors' remuneration Audit fee 350,000 210,000 Provident fund audit fee 30,000 60,000 Half yearly review fee 115,00 158,976 Certification fee		Insurance		3,302,711	2,618,459
Branch setup cost 2,150,799 2,755,506 Advertisement & publicity 406,273 393,676 Depreciation 13.1 3,272,545 2,385,085 Depreciation expense on lease assets (ROUA) 13.3 16,206,348 - Amortization 13.2 756,191 590,599 Auditor's remuneration 23.1 738,150 809,976 Bank charges 2,085,786 1,539,394 Office cleaning and maintenance 1,073,689 1,599,567 Legal and professional fee 84,870 199,405 Fee and subscription 4,710,104 1,902,892 IT equipment and software maintenance 42,298,009 4,781,543 Others 43,976 729,249 193,871,073 144,938,808 23.1 Auditors' remuneration Audit fee 30,000 60,000 Half yearly review fee 125,000 95,000 Tax services 111,500 158,976 Certification fee 335,140 203,000 Out of pocket (interim) 48,000 738,150 809,976 240 2		Training and development			730,869
Advertisement & publicity 406,273 393,676 Depreciation 13.1 3,272,545 2,385,085 Depreciation expense on lease assets (ROUA) 13.3 16,206,348		Utilities		2,711,094	2,510,668
Depreciation		Branch setup cost		2,150,799	2,755,506
Depreciation expense on lease assets (ROUA)		Advertisement & publicity		406,273	393,676
Amortization 13.2 756,191 590,599 Auditor's remuneration 23.1 738,150 809,976 Bank charges 2,085,786 1,539,394 Office cleaning and maintenance 1,073,689 1,599,567 Legal and professional fee 84,870 199,405 Fee and subscription 4,710,104 1,902,892 IT equipment and software maintenance 4,298,009 4,781,543 Others 43,976 729,249 23.1 Auditors' remuneration Audit fee 9 Provident fund audit fee 30,000 60,000 Half yearly review fee 125,000 95,000 Tax services 111,500 158,976 Certification fee 35,140 203,000 Public sector code of corporate governance- report fee 38,500 35,000 Out of pocket (interim) 48,010 48,000 738,150 809,976		Depreciation	13.1	3,272,545	2,385,085
Auditor's remuneration 23.1 738,150 809,976 Bank charges 2,085,786 1,539,394 Office cleaning and maintenance 1,073,689 1,599,567 Legal and professional fee 84,870 199,405 Fee and subscription 4,710,104 1,902,892 IT equipment and software maintenance 4,298,009 4,781,543 Others 843,976 729,249 193,871,073 144,938,808 23.1 Auditors' remuneration Audit fee 350,000 210,000 Provident fund audit fee 30,000 60,000 Half yearly review fee 125,000 95,000 Tax services 111,500 158,976 Certification fee 35,140 203,000 Public sector code of corporate governance- report fee 38,500 35,000 Out of pocket (interim) 48,010 48,000 738,150 809,976		Depreciation expense on lease assets (ROUA)	13.3	16,206,348	-
Bank charges 2,085,786 1,539,394 Office cleaning and maintenance 1,073,689 1,599,567 Legal and professional fee 84,870 199,405 Fee and subscription 4,710,104 1,902,892 IT equipment and software maintenance 4,298,009 4,781,543 Others 843,976 729,249 193,871,073 144,938,808 23.1 Auditors' remuneration 350,000 210,000 Provident fund audit fee 30,000 60,000 Half yearly review fee 125,000 95,000 Tax services 111,500 158,976 Certification fee 35,140 203,000 Public sector code of corporate governance- report fee 38,500 35,000 Out of pocket (interim) 48,010 48,000 738,150 809,976 24 OTHER CHARGES		Amortization	13.2	756,191	590,599
Office cleaning and maintenance 1,073,689 1,599,567 Legal and professional fee 84,870 199,405 Fee and subscription 4,710,104 1,902,892 IT equipment and software maintenance 4,298,009 4,781,543 Others 843,976 729,249 193,871,073 144,938,808 23.1 Auditors' remuneration 350,000 210,000 Provident fund audit fee 30,000 60,000 Half yearly review fee 125,000 95,000 Tax services 111,500 158,976 Certification fee 35,140 203,000 Public sector code of corporate governance- report fee 38,500 35,000 Out of pocket (interim) 48,010 48,000 738,150 809,976		Auditor's remuneration	23.1	738,150	809,976
Legal and professional fee 84,870 199,405 Fee and subscription 4,710,104 1,902,892 IT equipment and software maintenance 4,298,009 4,781,543 Others 843,976 729,249 193,871,073 144,938,808 23.1 Auditors' remuneration Audit fee 350,000 210,000 Provident fund audit fee 30,000 60,000 Half yearly review fee 125,000 95,000 Tax services 111,500 158,976 Certification fee 38,500 35,000 Public sector code of corporate governance- report fee 38,500 35,000 Out of pocket (interim) 48,010 48,000 738,150 809,976		Bank charges		2,085,786	1,539,394
Fee and subscription 1,902,892 IT equipment and software maintenance 1,298,009 4,781,543 Others 843,976 729,249 193,871,073 144,938,808 23.1 Auditors' remuneration		Office cleaning and maintenance		1,073,689	1,599,567
Trace equipment and software maintenance Others 4,298,009 4,781,543 729,249 193,871,073 144,938,808 193,871,073 144,938,808 193,871,073 144,938,808 193,871,073 144,938,808 193,871,073 144,938,808 193,871,073 144,938,808 193,871,073 144,938,808 193,000 193,		Legal and professional fee		84,870	199,405
Others 843,976 729,249 193,871,073 144,938,808 23.1 Auditors' remuneration Audit fee 350,000 210,000 Provident fund audit fee 30,000 60,000 Half yearly review fee 125,000 95,000 Tax services 111,500 158,976 Certification fee 35,140 203,000 Public sector code of corporate governance- report fee 38,500 35,000 Out of pocket (interim) 48,010 48,000 738,150 809,976		Fee and subscription		4,710,104	1,902,892
23.1 Auditors' remuneration 350,000 210,000 Provident fund audit fee 30,000 60,000 Half yearly review fee 125,000 95,000 Tax services 111,500 158,976 Certification fee 35,140 203,000 Public sector code of corporate governance- report fee 38,500 35,000 Out of pocket (interim) 48,010 48,000 24 OTHER CHARGES 201,000 OTHER CHARGES 30,000 210,000 210,000 210,000 210,000 210,000 210,000 210,000 210,000 210,000 210,000 210,000 20,000 40,000 20,000 210,000 20,000 210,000 20,000 210,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 210,000 20,000 20,000		IT equipment and software maintenance		4,298,009	4,781,543
Audit fee 350,000 210,000 Provident fund audit fee 30,000 60,000 Half yearly review fee 125,000 95,000 Tax services 111,500 158,976 Certification fee 35,140 203,000 Public sector code of corporate governance- report fee 38,500 35,000 Out of pocket (interim) 48,010 48,000 738,150 809,976		Others		843,976	729,249
Audit fee 350,000 210,000 Provident fund audit fee 30,000 60,000 Half yearly review fee 125,000 95,000 Tax services 111,500 158,976 Certification fee 35,140 203,000 Public sector code of corporate governance- report fee 38,500 35,000 Out of pocket (interim) 48,010 48,000 738,150 809,976				193,871,073	144,938,808
Provident fund audit fee 30,000 60,000 Half yearly review fee 125,000 95,000 Tax services 111,500 158,976 Certification fee 35,140 203,000 Public sector code of corporate governance- report fee 38,500 35,000 Out of pocket (interim) 48,010 48,000 738,150 809,976	23.1	Auditors' remuneration			
Provident fund audit fee 30,000 60,000 Half yearly review fee 125,000 95,000 Tax services 111,500 158,976 Certification fee 35,140 203,000 Public sector code of corporate governance- report fee 38,500 35,000 Out of pocket (interim) 48,010 48,000 738,150 809,976		Audit fee		350,000	210,000
Half yearly review fee 125,000 95,000 Tax services 111,500 158,976 Certification fee 35,140 203,000 Public sector code of corporate governance- report fee 38,500 35,000 Out of pocket (interim) 48,010 48,000 738,150 809,976		Provident fund audit fee			The same of the sa
Tax services 111,500 158,976 Certification fee 35,140 203,000 Public sector code of corporate governance- report fee 38,500 35,000 Out of pocket (interim) 48,010 48,000 738,150 809,976		Half yearly review fee			
Certification fee 35,140 203,000 Public sector code of corporate governance- report fee 38,500 35,000 Out of pocket (interim) 48,010 48,000 738,150 809,976					
Public sector code of corporate governance- report fee 38,500 35,000 Out of pocket (interim) 48,010 48,000 738,150 809,976 24 OTHER CHARGES		Certification fee			
Out of pocket (interim) 48,000 738,150 809,976 24 OTHER CHARGES		Public sector code of corporate governance- report fee		38,500	
738,150 809,976 24 OTHER CHARGES		Out of pocket (interim)			
Penalties imposed by State Bank of Pakistan - 796,500	24	OTHER CHARGES			
		Penalties imposed by State Bank of Pakistan			796,500

			2019	2018
25	TAXATION		Rupe	es
	For the year			
	- current	1	23,677,311	14,969,096
	- deferred		(3,766,551)	100,056
			19,910,760	15,069,152
	For the prior year's			
	- current		(98,018)	(1,190,578)
	- deferred	l	(3,325,100)	(1,190,578)
			(3,423,118)	13,878,574
elet 2			20,101,012	20,0,0,0,1
25.1	Relationship between tax expense and ac	counting profit		
	Profit before tax		68,657,792	51,962,595
	Tax at the tax rate of 29%		19,910,760	14,969,096
	Effects of:			
	- prior year		(3,423,118)	(1,190,578)
	- reduce rate difference		-	-
	- others		-	100,056
	Tax expense		16,487,642	13,878,574
26	EARNINGS PER SHARE			
	Basic			
	Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing		lders of the Bank l	by the weighted
	average number of ordinary shares in issue during	g the year.		
			2019	2018
			Rupe	ees
26.1	Profit for the year	Α	52,170,150	38,084,021
			(Number)	(Number)
	Weighted average ordinary shares	В	75,000,000	75,000,000
			Rupe	ees
	Earnings per share	A/B	0.70	0.51
	3 1	,		
	Diluted			
	There is no dilution effect on the basic earnings p	per share of the Bank as on Decem	ber 31, 2019 (2018	: Nil).
			2019	2018
27	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	Note	Rupe	ees
	Cash in hand	9	737,313	504 (54
		,	,0,,010	5346/4
	Cash and balances with SBP and NBP	9	12,913,074	534,674 12.881.438
	Cash and balances with SBP and NBP Balances with other banks	9	12,913,074 332,486,158	12,881,438
	Balances with other banks		332,486,158	12,881,438 255,910,462
				12,881,438

28 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

2019	Credit /Sales Staff	Banking Staff	Total
		Number	
Permanent	215	123	338
Contractual	40	1	41
Total number of employees	255	124	379
2018	Credit /Sales Staff	Banking Staff	Total
		Number	
Permanent	155	47	202
Contractual	64	2	66
Total number of employees	219	49	268
		2019	2018
Average number of employees during the year		324	242

29 TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related Parties	Note	Holding Company	Key Management Personnel	Directors	Associates	Fund managed by the Bank
2019			R	upees		
Balance with related party						
Sindh Bank Limited						
Deposits in daily saving account		81,174,073	-	-	_	
Rent payable		37,500	-	-	-	-
Sindh Insurance Limited						
Premium payable		-	-	-	15,431	-
Staff loan	29.2	-	18,307,086	-	-	-
Deposit of a relative of key management	t					
personnel	29.1	-	965,718	-	-	-
Transaction with related party						
Sindh Bank Limited						
Mark-up / return / interest earned		3,779,105	-	-	-	-
Mark-up / return / interest expensed		4,806,634	-	-	-	-
Bank charges		302,000	-	-	_	-
Rent paid		262,500	-	-	-	-
Sindh Insurance Limited						
Insurance premium paid		-	-	-	3,482,473	-
Remuneration paid to executive staff		-	39,266,192	-	-	
Directors meeting fee	32	_	-	345,000	-	-
Interest on staff loan	21	-	180,538	-	-	-
Contribution to provident fund	23	_	-	_	-	3,874,564
Provision for gratuity	18.1	-	-	-	-	3,251,890

Related Parties	Note	Holding Company	Key Management Personnel	Directors	Associates	Fund managed by the Bank
2018			R	upees		
Balance with related party						
Sindh Bank Limited						
Deposits in daily saving account		31,744,411	-		2	_
Borrowing	17.1	76,522,815	-		-	
Interest payable on borrowing		1,564,984	-	-	-	-
Sindh Insurance Limited						
Premium Payable		-	-	-	1,354,886	
Transaction with related party						
Sindh Bank Limited						
Mark-up / return / interest earned		1,519,204	-	-	-	
Mark-up / return / interest expensed	22	4,762,858	-	-	9	
Sindh Insurance Limited						
Insurance premium Paid		-		-	2,126,360	-
Remuneration paid to executive staff		-	24,143,050		-	-
Directors meeting fee	32	-	-	264,000	_	_
Contribution to provident fund	23		-		-	2,924,309
Provision for gratuity	18.1	-	_	9	-	5,246,750

- **29.1** The balance includes Rs. 965,718 (2018: Rs.500,000) of spouse of key management personal of the Bank in ordinary course of business.
- 29.2 As detailed in note 12.5, the facility carries annual markup at the rate 3% and 4% on amounts of Rs. 15 million and Rs. 4 million respectively and is repayable through 88 monthly instalments. This facility is secured against the mortgage over the underlying property and lien over the employee's terminal benefits.

		2019	2018
30	NUMBER OF BRANCHES	Num	bers
	At the beginning of the year	13	10
	Opened during the year	4	3
	Closed during the year	-	-
		17	13
31	NUMBER OF SERVICE CENTERS		
	At the beginning of the year	47	40
	Opened during the year	11	7
	Closed during the year	-	
		58	47

32 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

		2019			2018	
		Rupees			Rupees	
	CEO	Director	Executive	CEO	Director	Executive
-Managerial remuneration	8,970,000	-	12,165,348	6,987,500	-	4,677,114
-House rent allowance	4,036,500	-	5,474,400	3,144,375	*	2,104,701
-Medical allowance	897,000	-	1,216,536	698,750	-	467,711
-Utilities allowance	897,000	-	1,216,536	698,750	-	467,711
-Contribution to PF	897,000	-	1,216,536	698,750	-	487,329
-Directors fee	-	345,000	_	-	264,000	-
-Bonus	1,370,417	-	908,919	1,083,333	-	360,682
-Others	-	39,000	-	888,310	-	1,378,034
	17,067,917	384,000	22,198,275	14,199,768	264,000	9,943,282
Number of persons at year end	1	4	7	1	4	3

- 32.1 Executive means employees, other than the chief executive officer and directors, whose basic salary exceed Rs. 1,200,000 in a financial year.
- 32.2 The President / Chief Executive Officer is entitled to use bank maintained car and perquisites in accordance with the terms of his appointment.

33 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

		2019	2018
33.1	Disclosures relating to Provident fund	(un-audited)	(audited)
		Rupe	es
	Size of the fund	16,855,828	8,887,197
	Cost of the investments made	14,000,000	6,287,000
	Percentage of investments made	83%	71%
	Fair value of investments	14,000,000	6,287,000
	Break-up of investments		
	TDR's	-	6,287,000
	Government securities – T-Bills	14,000,000	-
	Receivable from Sindh Microfinance Bank Limited	602,282	512,490
	Bank balances	2,253,546	2,087,707
		16,855,828	8,887,197

Investments out of Provident Fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the rules formulated for this purpose.

SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

34 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

34.1 Interest / mark-up rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The risk as managed by the regular review of market rates. The Bank's interest rate exposure is low due to the short-term nature of the majority of business transactions.

			Inter	Interest bearing / exposed to yield / interest risk	d to yield / intere	strisk		Non	interest bearing	g / not exposed	Non interest bearing / not exposed to yield / interest risk	risk	
	Note	Effective yield / interest rate	Up to one month	Over one month up to six months	Over six months up to one year	Over one year	Sub total	Up to one month	Over one month up to six months	Over six months up to one year	Over one year	Sub total	Total
2019 Financial assets		9/0						Rupees					
Cash and balances with SBP and NBP	6		1,924,707		•		1,924,707	11,725,680				11,725,680	13,650,387
Balances with other banks	10	11.25 - 14.40	332,486,158	•	•		332,486,158		•	,		٠	332,486,158
Investment - net of provisions	11	13.10 - 14.40	200,000,000	319,095,360	100,000,000	i	619,095,360	*	•	,	•	٠	619,095,360
Advances	12	35.78	115,031,468	477,641,516	255,740,187	15,948,933	864,362,104	ť	•	•	•	•	864,362,104
Other assets	14		17,127,408	9,773,425	•	1	26,900,833		1	2,600,979	3,312,655	5,913,634	32,814,467
			666,569,741	806,510,301	355,740,187	15,948,933	1,844,769,162	11,725,680		2,600,979	3,312,655	17,639,314	1,862,408,476
Off statement of financial position						î	ï		ř	•		i	ı
Total			666,569,741	806,510,301	355,740,187	15,948,933	1,844,769,162	11,725,680		2,600,979	3,312,655	17,639,314	1,862,408,476
Financial liabilities		53,859,292											
Deposits and other accounts	16	8 - 14.60	103,754,114	14,408,000	1,200,418	,	119,362,532	7,084,334	•	•	,	7,084,334	126,446,866
Borrowings	17	11.86 - 14.60	50,000,000	٠	1	750,000,000	800,000,000	•		٠	٠	•	800,000,000
Other liabilities	18				715,547	7,876,320	8,591,867	52,432,366	711,379		29,722,597	82,866,342	91,458,209
		l	153,754,114	14,408,000	1,915,965	757,876,320	927,954,399	59,516,700	711,379	•	29,722,597	929,050,676	1,017,905,075
Off statement of financial position			ï	ř		£		í	í	•	i		E
Total		1 1	153,754,114	14,408,000	1,915,965	757,876,320	927,954,399	59,516,700	711,379		29,722,597	89,950,676	1,017,905,075
On statement of financial position gap			512,815,627	792,102,301	353,824,222	(741,927,387)	916,814,763	(47,791,020)	(711,379)	2,600,979	(26,409,942)	(72,311,362)	844,503,401
Off statement of financial position gap		ı		,		,					•		I.

SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Note	Effective yield / interest rate	Up to one month	Over one month up Over six months to six months up to one year	Over six months up to one year	Over one year	Sub total	Up to one	Over one Over six months month up to six up to one year		Over one year	Sub total	Total
2018 Financial assets		0/0						Rupees	STORING STORING			1	
Cash and balances with SBP and NBP	6			9	19	2	b	6,712,956		10		6,712,956	6,712,956
Balances with other Banks/NBFIs/MFBs	10	6.15 - 11.15	262,613,618		4		262,613,618	,		9.	,		262,613,618
Investment - net of provisions	11	7.5 - 10.25	,	50,000,000	50,000,000		100,000,000	£	×	*	ı		100,000,000
Advances	12		80,805,603	289,241,517	187,211,677	32,407,519	589,666,316	(4)		30	٠		589,666,316
Other assets - advances	14		*					7	20,456,807		16,222,988	36,679,795	36,679,795
		1	343,419,221	339,241,517	237,211,677	32,407,519	952,279,934	6,712,956	20,456,807		16,222,988	43,392,751	995,672,685
Off statement of financial position				ì		٠	.000 ()	1000	,	v	٠		145)
Total		1 1	343,419,221	339,241,517	77,211,677	32,407,519	952,279,934	6,712,956	20,456,807		16,222,988	43,392,751	995,672,685
Financial liabilities													
Deposits and other accounts	16	4 - 12.15	14,346,846	50,000,000	3	9.	64,346,846	13,422,267	*		,	13,422,267	77,769,113
Borrowings	17	3M Kibor+1.5	76,522,815			×	76,522,815			*	,	٠	76,522,815
Orher liabilities	18				,	9		11,175,708				11,175,708	11,175,708
		IS.	90,869,661	50,000,000			140,869,661	24,597,975	,			24,597,975	165,467,636
Off statement of financial position				*	×	*	ĸ	X.	ì		i		*
Total		t. II	90,869,661	50,000,000			140,869,661	24,597,975			4	24,597,975	165,467,636
On statement of financial position		1	252,549,560	289,241,517	237,211,677	32,407,519	811,410,273	(17,885,019)	20,456,807	,	16,222,988	18,794,776	830,205,049

34.2 Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Bank's credit risk is primarily attributable to its advance. The bank has an effective loan disbursement and recovery monitoring system which allow it to evaluate borrowers' credit worthiness and identify potential problem loans. Provision for loan losses is maintained as required by the Prudential Regulation.

In summary, the maximum exposure to credit risk as at reporting date was as follows:

		2019	2018
	Note	Rupe	es
Bank balances	9 & 10	334,410,865	255,910,462
Advances - net of provisions	12	849,973,816	583,101,762
Investment - net of provisions	11.2	600,000,000	100,000,000
Other assets	14	29,501,812	32,450,674
		1,813,886,493	971,462,898

34.3 Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk is the risk of being unable to raise funds at a reasonable price to meet commitment when they fall due or take the advantage of investment opportunities when they rise. The management ensure that funds are available at all times to meet the funding requirements of the Bank.

As at the reporting date the Bank's financial liabilities have contractual maturities as summarized below:

2019	Effective yield / interest rate	Upto one year	Over one year	Total
Deposits and other accounts	8 - 14.60	126,446,866	-	126,446,866
Borrowings	11.86 - 14.60	50,000,000	750,000,000	800,000,000
Other liabilities		53,339,446	37,598,917	90,938,363
		229,786,312	787,598,917	1,017,385,229
2018				
Deposits and other accounts	4 - 12.15	77,769,113	-	77,769,113
Borrowings	3M Kibor+1.5	76,522,815	-	76,522,815
Other liabilities		10,710,259	-	10,710,259
		165,002,187	To.	165,002,187

34.4 Interest risk measurement

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rate. The risk is managed by regular review of market rates.

Sensitivity analysis of interest rate risk on financial assets and liabilities is presented below:

		2019	2018
	Note	Rupe	es
Net financial assets	34.1	916,814,763	811,410,273
Effect on profit and loss account			
Interest rate + 100 bps		9,168,148	8,114,103
Interest rate - 100 bps		(9,168,148)	(8,114,103)

34.5 Fair value measurement

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into three levels of fair value hierarchy. This grouping is determined based on the lowest level of significant inputs used in fair value measurement, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Financial instrument in level 1

Currently, no financial instruments are classified in level 1.

Financial instrument in level 2

Currently, no financial instruments are classified in level 2.

Financial instrument in level 3

Currently, no financial instruments are classified in level 3.

The fair value of assets and liabilities except for staff loan and non-performing advances, their carrying values since

these assets and liabilities are either short term in nature or frequently repriced in case of customer loan and deposits.

The fair value of staff loan cannot be calculated with sufficient reliability due to the absence of current and active market for such assets and reliable data regarding market rates for similar instruments. The provision for non-performing advances is calculated in accordance with the Bank's accounting policy as stated in policy note.

SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

35 MATURITIES OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

2019	Total	Upto one month	Over one month upto six months	Over six months upto one year	Over one year
			Rupees		
Market rate assets					
Advances	864,362,104	115,031,468	477,641,516	255,740,187	15,948,933
Investments	619,095,360	200,000,000	319,095,360	100,000,000	•
Other earning assets	361,311,698	351,538,273	9,773,425		
Total market rate assets	1,844,769,162	666,569,741	806,510,301	355,740,187	15,948,933
Other non-earning assets	17,639,314	11,725,680	1	2,600,979	3,312,655
Total assets	1,862,408,476	678,295,421	806,510,301	358,341,166	19,261,588
Market rate liabilities					
Time deposits of Rs.100,000 and above	118,151,105	103,743,105		1	14,408,000
Time deposits below Rs.100,000	1,211,427		11,009	1,200,418	
Borrowing	800,000,000	50,000,000	•		750,000,000
Other cost bearing liabilities	8,591,867	•	•	715,547	7,876,320
Total market rate liabilities	927,954,399	153,743,105	11,009	1,915,965	772,284,320
Other non- cost bearing liabilities	89,950,676	59,516,700	711,379		29,722,597
Total liabilities	1,017,905,075	213,259,805	722,388	1,915,965	802,006,917

SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

2018	Total	Upto one month	Over one month upto six months	Over six months upto one year	Over one year
Market rate assets			Rupees		
Advances Investments	589,666,316	80,805,603	289,241,517	187,211,677	32,407,519
Other earning assets Total market rate assets	255,910,462 945,576,778	255,910,462	289,241,517	187,211,677	32,407,519
Other non-earning assets Total assets	64,441,704	13,416,112	289,241,517	187,211,677	51,025,592 83,433,111
Market rate liabilities					
Time deposits of Rs.100,000 and above Time deposits below Rs.100,000 Borrowing	(965,231,905) 770,846 76,522,815	26,898,267 - 76,522,815	50,000,000	100,000 770,846	F 1
Total market rate liabilities	154,291,928	103,421,082	50,000,000	870,846	1
Other non- cost bearing liabilities Total liabilities	11,175,708	11,175,708	50,000,000	870,846	

36 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The objective of managing capital is to safeguard the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it could continue to provide adequate returns and benefits to stakeholders by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and comply with capital requirement set by SBP. It is the policy of the Bank to maintain a strong capital base at reasonable post so as to maintain investors, creditor and market confidence, sustained future development of the business and achieve low overall cost of the capital with appropriate mix of cost of capital. The impact of the level of capital on shareholders return is also recognized and the Bank recognizes the need to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher gearing and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position.

As per amendments in Prudential Regulations (R-1) issued vide BPRD Circular No. 10 of 2015 dated June 03, 2015, the minimum paid up capital requirement (MCR), free of losses for Microfinance Banks operating at provincial level is Rs. 500 million. As at December 31, 2019, the paid up share capital of the Bank stood at Rs. 750 million (2018: Rs. 750 million).

The capital of the Bank is managed keeping in view the minimum Capital Adequacy Ratio CAR (15%) required by the Prudential Regulations for the Microfinance Banks / Institutions. The adequacy of the capital is tested with reference to the risk-weighted assets of the Bank. The calculation of capital adequacy enables the Bank to assess the long-term soundness. As the Bank conducts business on a wide area network basis, it is critical that it is able to continuously monitor the exposure across the entire organization.

The Bank manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in regulatory and economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Bank may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

As at December 31, 2019, the Bank's Capital adequacy ratio (CAR) is approximately 77.33% (2018: 114.88%) of its weighted exposure, as against the minimum requirement of 15% prescribed by SBP.

37 COMPARATIVE FIGUERS

Items presented in the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2018 have been reclassified to confirm to current year's presentation.

	Note	Before classification	Reclassification	After classification
Balances with other Banks/NBFIs/MFBs				
Local currency deposit account	10	255,910,462	(6,703,156)	249,207,306
Cash and balances with SBP and NBP				
Balances with National Bank of Pakistan	9	-	6,703,156	6,703,156
		255,910,462		255,910,462
Mark-Up/ Return/ Interest Earned				
Term deposit receipts	21	25,984,927	(25,984,927)	-
Deposits / Placements with Banks / MFB etc.	21	6,491,908	25,984,927	32,476,835
		32,476,835	-	32,476,835

38 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

20

No adjusting or significant non-adjusting events have occurred between the reporting date and date of authorization.

37	DATE OF AUTHORIZATION		
	These financial statements were authorized for issue on	by the Board of Directors of the Bank.	8.4

President & Chief Executive	Chief Financial Officer	Chairman	Director	Director