

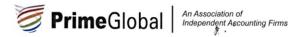
Sindh Microfinance Bank Limited

Audit of Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2022

Naveed Zafar Ashfaq Jaffery & Co.

Chartered Accountants

A member firm of



2-B, ATS Centre, 30 West, Block "A" Fazal-ul-Haq Road, Blue Area, Islamabad, Pakistan Ph: +92-51-2878530-32, 2822785

Fax: +92-51-2206283 E-mail: isl@nzaj.com.pk Web: www.nzaj.com.pk

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of Sindh Microfinance Bank Limited (the Bank), which comprise the financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the profit and loss account, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (here-in-after referred to as "the financial statements"), and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, the profit and loss account, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and the Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Bank's affairs as at December 31, 2022 and of the profit, other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Bank in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' report but does include the financial statement and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.





If based on the work we have performed, on other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement in the other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, and the directives issued by the State Bank of Pakistan and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Bank or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of directors is responsible for overseeing the Bank's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional Judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bank's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Bank to cease to continue as a going concern.



Naveed Zafar Ashfaq Jaffery & Co.

Chartered Accountants



• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Bank as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the balance sheet, the profit and loss account and statement of other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and the cash flow statement together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001, and the directives issued by the State Bank of Pakistan and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Bank's business; and
- d) no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is **Shah Naveed Saeed**.

Place: Islamabad	O. M	Naveed Zafar Ashfaq Jaffery& Co.
Date:	Waikes	Chartered Accountants
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SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	Ru	pees
ASSETS			
Cash and Balances with SBP and NBP	8	35,344,338	22,899,322
Balances With Other Banks/NBFIs/MFBs	9	406,224,534	452,604,262
Lending to financial institutions		-	-
Investment - Net of Provisions	10	54,788,274	475,585,381
Advances - Net of Provisions	11	1,302,898,322	944,464,927
Operating Fixed Assets	12	87,923,956	88,345,333
Other Assets	13	120,361,797	100,204,945
Deferred Tax Asset	14	172,956	1,253,008
Total Assets		2,007,714,177	2,085,357,178
LIABILITIES			
Deposits and other accounts	15	600,335,196	271,022,792
Borrowings	16	310,000,000	750,000,000
Subordinated Debt		-	-
Other Liabilities	17	85,005,967	94,986,876
Deferred Tax Liabilities		_	-
Total Liabilities		995,341,163	1,116,009,668
NET ASSETS		1,012,373,014	969,347,510
REPRESENTED BY:			
Share Capital	18	750,000,000	750,000,000
Statutory Reserves		52,314,542	44,032,746
Depositors' Protection fund		13,078,636	11,008,187
Unappropriated Profit		196,979,836	164,306,577
		1,012,373,014	969,347,510
Surplus/(Deficit) on Revaluation of Assets		-	-
Deferred Grants		-	-
Total Capital		1,012,373,014	969,347,510
MEMORANDUM / OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS	19	-	-

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.



SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	Rup	ees
Mark-up / return / interest earned	20	469,686,106	345,467,004
Mark-up / return / interest expensed	21	(124,525,885)	(61,800,615)
Net mark-up / interest income	_	345,160,221	283,666,389
Provision against non-performing loans and advances	11.2	(11,488,732)	(13,154,998)
Provision for diminution in the value of investments		-	-
Bad debts written off directly	11.2.1.1	(2,327,457)	(2,296,714)
·	_	(13,816,189)	(15,451,712)
Net mark-up / interest income after provisions	_	331,344,032	268,214,677
NON MARK-UP/ NON INTEREST INCOME			
Fee, commission and brokerage income	Γ	-	-
Dividend income		-	-
Other income		-	-
	_	-	-
Total non mark-up / non interest income		331,344,032	268,214,677
NON MARKUP/ NON INTEREST EXPENSES			
Administrative expenses	22	(274,063,415)	(222,403,392)
Other provisions/write offs		-	-
Other charges	23	(41,000)	-
Total non mark-up / non interest expenses	_	(274,104,415)	(222,403,392)
Extra ordinary / unusual items		-	-
Profit before taxation	_	57,239,617	45,811,285
Taxation	_		
- current	24	(15,410,853)	(16,261,018)
- prior years	24	-	-
- deferred	24	(419,783)	(2,203,392)
	_	(15,830,636)	(18,464,410)
Profit after taxation		41,408,981	27,346,875
Unappropriated Profit/(Loss) - brought forward		164,426,459	144,666,338
Less: Other comprehensive loss Profit available for appropriation/(Loss)	_	1,616,523 207,451,963	(750,035) 171,263,178
		207,431,903	171,203,176
APPROPRIATIONS:			
Transfer to		(9.391.704)	(5.460.275)
- statutory reserve - capital reserve		(8,281,796)	(5,469,375)
- contribution to depositors' protection fund		(2,070,449)	(1,367,344)
- revenue reserve		(2,070,117)	(1,507,544)
- proposed dividend		_	-
Unappropriated profit - carried forward	_	197,099,718	164,426,459
EARNINGS PER SHARE	25	0.55	0.36
LIMINIO I EN OHARE	<i></i>	0.33	0.30

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.



SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Note	2022 Rup	2021 pees
Profit after taxation	41,408,981	27,346,875
Other comprehensive loss		
- Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss account	-	-
- Items that will not reclassified to profit and loss account subsequently		
Remeasurement loss on provision for gratuity - net of tax 17.1	1,616,523	(750,035)
	1,616,523	(750,035)
Total comprehensive income for the year	43,025,504	26,596,840
•		

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

President & Chief Executive Chief Financial Officer Chairman Director Director

SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Share capital	Statutory reserve	Depositors' protection fund	Unappropriated profit	Total Equity
Balance as at January 1, 2021 Total comprehensive income for the year	750,000,000	38,563,371	9,640,843	144,546,456	942,750,670
 Profit after taxation Other comprehensive income	-	-		27,346,875 (750,035) 26,596,840	27,346,875 (750,035) 26,596,840
Transfer to statutory reserve - 20% of the profit after tax for the year	-	5,469,375	-	(5,469,375)	-
Transfer to depositors' protection fund - 5% of the profit after tax for the year	<u>-</u>	-	1,367,344	(1,367,344)	- -
Balance as at December 31, 2021 Total comprehensive income for the year	750,000,000	44,032,746	11,008,187	164,306,577	969,347,510
- Profit after taxation - Other comprehensive (loss) / income				41,408,981 1,616,523 43,025,504	41,408,981 1,616,523 43,025,504
Transfer to statutory reserve - 20% of the profit after tax for the year Transfer to depositors' protection fund	-	8,281,796	-	(8,281,796)	<u>-</u>
- 5% of the profit after tax for the year Balance as at December 31, 2022	750,000,000	52,314,542	2,070,449 13,078,636	(2,070,449) 196,979,836	1,012,373,014

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.



SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Note	2022 Rupe	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	Kupe	
Profit before taxation		57,239,617	45,811,285
Adjustments for non cash items: Provision against non performing advances	11.2	11,488,732	13,154,998
Bad debts written off directly	11.3	2,327,457	2,296,714
Depreciation on property and equipment	12.1	7,210,117	4,873,827
Amortization on intangible assets	12.2	1,013,274	923,434
Depreciation expense on lease assets	12.3	14,041,889	14,350,476
Interest on lease liability	21	10,892,259	6,515,986
Charged for defined benift plan	22	5,547,576	4,345,664
r g	<u> </u>	52,521,304	46,461,099
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital	_	109,760,921	92,272,384
Working capital changes			
(Increase) / decrease in operating assets	_		
Advances		(372,249,585)	(406,110,815)
Other assets (excluding advance taxation)		(7,082,119)	14,573,217
Prepaid rent/ Lease rental		(35,062,475)	(28,657,977)
		(414,394,179)	(420,195,575)
Increase in operating liabilities	_	10 461 464	(7,076,560)
Other liabilities(excluding current taxation)		12,461,464	(7,076,560)
Deposits and other accounts		329,312,404	131,682,893
	_	341,773,868	124,606,333
T		37,140,610	(203,316,858)
Income tax paid	_	(28,485,587)	(27,662,695)
Net cash used in operating activities		8,655,023	(230,979,553)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of HTM investment		(29,202,893)	412,347,715
Purchase of property and equipment	12.1	(18,020,341)	(2,869,797)
Purchase of intangible assets	12.2	(5,366,501)	(551,490)
Net cash used in from investing activities	_	(52,589,735)	408,926,428
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Paid to SBP		(440,000,000)	
Net cash generated from financing activities		(440,000,000)	-
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(483,934,712)	177,946,875
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		925,503,584	747,556,709
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	26	441,568,872	925,503,584
	<u> </u>		

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.



1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Sindh Microfinance Bank Limited (the Bank) was incorporated on March 27, 2015 as a public unlisted company limited by shares under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (repealed by Companies Act 2017). The Bank obtained Microfinance banking license from State Bank of Pakistan on October 16, 2015, to operate in Sindh Province. Subsequently, the Bank received the certificate of commencement of business from Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) on November 30, 2015 and the certificate of commencement of Banking Business from State Bank of Pakistan on April 15, 2016. The Bank's registered office is situated at 39/F, 2nd Floor, Muhammad Ali Cooperative Housing Society, Karachi. The Bank's principal business is to provide microfinance services to the poor and underserved segment of the society as envisaged in the Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001.

The Bank is the wholly owned subsidiary of Sindh Bank Limited (the Holding bank). The Bank operates through branches and service centers spread within the province of Sindh, the network of branches and service centers comprise of 19 (2021: 18) branches and 71 (2021: 62) service centers.

The credit rating companies PACRA has maintained the long term rating of the Bank at "A-" and short term rating at "A2" and outlook "Stable" as of March 29, 2022.

2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These financial statements have been presented in accordance with the requirements of Banking Supervision Department (BSD) Circular No. 11 dated December 30, 2003 issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP).

3 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the directives and prudential regulations issued by SBP, the requirements of the Microfinance Institution Ordinance, 2001 (the MFI Ordinance), the Companies Act, 2017 (the Companies Act) and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), and interpretations issued by the Standards Interpretation Committee of IASB as adopted in Pakistan. In case where provisions of directives issued by the SBP and SECP, the MFI Ordinance and the Companies Act differ with the requirements of these standards, such provisions of directives issued by SBP and SECP, the MFI Ordinance and the Companies Act shall prevail.

The SBP vide BSD Circular No. 10, dated 26 August 2002 has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" and IAS 40, "Investment Property" for banking companies till further instructions. Further, the SECP vide its SRO 633 (I)/ 2014, dated 10 July 2014 has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", IAS 40, "Investment Property" and International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" for banking companies till further instructions.

Accordingly, the requirements of this standard have not been considered in the preparation of these financial statements. However, investments have been classified and valued in accordance with the requirements prescribed by SBP through various circulars / regulations.

4 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

4.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for obligations in respect of defined benefit plan and lease liabilities against right of use assets, which are carried at present value.

These financial statements have been prepared following accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow statement.

4.2 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Bank operates. The financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees which is the Bank's functional and presentation currency.

4.3 Use of critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that may affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised.

Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates in these financial statements relate to the:

		Note
a)	Provision against non performing advances	7.2
b)	Useful life of depreciable assets	7.3
c)	Impairment of non-financial assets	7.4
d)	Provision for taxation	7.5
e)	Provision for gratuity	7.6
f)	Lease term for ROU asset	7.3

However, assumptions and significant judgments made by the management in the application of accounting policies that have significant effect on the financial statements are not expected to result in material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next year.

5 STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS TO APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

5.1 Standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards that are relevant to the Bank and adopted in the current year

The Bank has adopted the following new standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations of IFRSs which became effective during the current year.

Standard or Interpretat	IASB effective date (Annual periods beginning
IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with	July 1, 2018
IFRS 16 'Leases'	January 1, 2019
IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments'	January 1, 2019
IAS 19 'Plan Amendment, Curtail or Settlement' (Amendments to IAS 19)	January 1, 2019
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2015 - 2017 Cycle	January 1, 2019

Adoption of the above standard have no significant effect on the amounts for the year ended December 31, 2020.

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5.2 Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are effective but not relevant

IAS 28 'Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures' (Amendments to IAS 28) became effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2019, but considered not to be relevant on the financial reporting and operations of the Bank.

5.3 Standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards that are relevant but not yet effective and not early adopted by the Bank

IFRS 9 'Financial instruments' - This standard is effective for periods beginning from or after July 1, 2018. This standard replaces the guidance in IAS 39. It includes requirements on the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities; it also includes an expected credit losses model that replaces the current incurred loss impairment model. State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) through BPRD Circular Letter No. 3 of 2022, deferred the effective date to January 1, 2024.

The following new standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation.

Standard or Interpretat	(Annual periods beginning
IFRS 14 'Regulatory Deferral	July 1, 2019
IFRS 3 'Definition of a business' Amendment to IFRS 3	January 1, 2020
IAS 1/IAS 8 'Definition of Material' (Amendments to IAS 1	January 1, 2020
Various Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards	January 1, 2020

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The Bank is in the process of assessing the impact of these Standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards on the financial statements of the Bank.

5.4 Standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards that are not yet notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP)

Following new standards have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

Standard or Interpretat	IASB effective date (Annual periods beginning
IFRS 17 'Insurance Contracts'	January 1, 2022
IFRS 1 'First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards'	July 1, 2009

6 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES IN THE CURRENT REPORTING PERIOD

		2022	2021
	Note	Rupees	
Advances	11	1,321,059,597	957,830,734
Provisions	11	(18,161,275)	(13,365,807)
Depos	15	600,335,196	271,022,792
Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan	16	310,000,000	750,000,000

During the year the bank disbursed advances to 56,576 (2021: 42,470) parties.

The amount of provision represents general and specific provision against advances held in accordance with the requirements of prudential regulations for microfinance banks.

Borrowings from SBP represents fund obtained under LOCF scheme from State Bank of Pakistan as described in 16.1.

7 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted and applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all year presented, unless otherwise stated.

7.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and bank balances are stated at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprises of cash in hand, balances with State Bank of Pakistan (SBP), National Bank of Pakistan (NBP) and balances held with other banks in current and deposit accounts with maturities of less then three months.

7.2 Advances - net of provisions

Advances are stated net of specific and general provisions which are determined on the basis of the Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks issued by SBP. Advances are written off according to the Prudential Regulations or when there is no realistic prospect of recovery. These regulations prescribe a time based criteria for classification of non-performing advances into the following categories:

- a) Other assets especially mentioned (OAEM): These are advances in arrears (payments / installments overdue) for 30 days or more but less than 60 days.
- b) Substandard: These are advances in arrears (payments / installments overdue) for 60 days or more but less than 90 days and 90 days.
- c) Doubtful: These are advances in arrears (payments / installments overdue) for 90 days or more but less than 180 days.
- d) Loss: These are advances in arrears (payments / installments overdue) for 180 days or more and 210 days.

In addition, the Bank maintains a watch list of all accounts overdue for 5-29 days. However, such accounts are not treated as non-performing for the purpose of classification and provisioning.

In accordance with the Prudential Regulations the bank maintains specific provision for potential loan losses for all non performing loans net of cash the following rates:

OAE NIL
Substandard 25%
Doubtful 50%
Loss 100%

7.3 Operating fixed assets

Property and equipment

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment losses (if any). Cost of property and equipment's consists of purchase price which is equal to the fair value of consideration paid at the time of acquisition or construction of the asset plus directly attributable costs in bringing the asset to their working conditions.

Depreciation is charged on additions from the month in which asset is available for use, using the straight line method, to the month of disposal.

Gain or loss on disposal, if any, are recognized in the profit and loss account in the year in which they arise.

Subsequent costs are included in an asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset as appropriate, only when it is probable that future benefits associated with the item will flow to the Bank and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to the profit and loss account as and when incurred.

Capital work-in-progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. All expenditures connected with specific assets incurred during installation and related advances there against, if any, are carried under this head. These are transferred to specific assets as and when assets become available for use.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortized from the month when these assets are available for use, using the straight line method, whereby the cost of the intangible assets are amortized over its estimated useful lives over which economic benefits are expected to flow to the Bank. The useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each statement of financial position date.

Right of use assets (ROUA)

The Bank recognizes 'Right of use asset' (ROUA) in respect of the leases measured as the present value of the remaining lease payments on property lease agreements and discounted using the incremental borrowing rate for the Bank. These assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the lease term as this method most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits. These assets are also reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of lease liability.

7.4 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amount of assets are reviewed at each statement of financial position date for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts of the assets may not be recoverable. If such indication exists and where the carrying value exceeds the estimated recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts. Recoverable amount is the greater of net selling price and value in use. The resulting impairment loss is taken to the profit and loss account.

7.5 Taxation

Current

The charge of current tax is based on taxable income at the applicable rate of taxation after taking into account available tax credits and rebates. Income for the purpose of computing current taxation is determined under the provisions of tax laws.

Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet method in respect of all temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are subsequently reduced, where required, to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except in the case of items credited or charged to statement of changes in equity, in which case it is included in equity.

7.6 Staff retirement benefits

Defined contribution plan

The Bank operates a recognized provident fund for its eligible employees. Equal monthly contributions are made, both by the Bank and the employees, to the Fund at the rate of 10% of basic salary.

Defined benefit plan

The Bank operates a recognized funded gratuity scheme for its eligible permanent employees completing the minimum qualifying services period of three years. Provision is made annually on the basis of actuarial recommendations based on Projected Unit Credit (PUC) method with corresponding impact recognized in profit and loss account including past service costs. Measurement gain or loss is recognized in statement of comprehensive income in the year in which they arise.

7.7 Deposits

Deposits are recorded at the proceeds received. Mark up accrued on these deposits, if any, is recognized separately as part of other liabilities, and is charged to profit and loss account over the period.

7.8 Borrowings

Borrowings are recorded at the proceeds received.

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which these are incurred except where such costs are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying asset in which case such costs are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset.

7.9 Investments

The investments of the Bank, upon initial recognition, are classified as held-for-trading, held-to-maturity and available-for-sale, as appropriate.

Investments (other than held-for-trading) are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs associated with the investments. Held-for-trading investments are initially measured at fair value and transaction costs are expensed out in the profit and loss account.

All purchase and sale of investments are recognized using settlement date accounting. Settlement date is the date on which investments are delivered to or by the Bank. All investments are derecognized when the right to receive economic benefit from investment has been expired or transferred and the Bank has transferred all risk and rewards of ownership.

7.9.1 Held-for-trading

These represent securities which are either acquired for the purpose of generating profit from short term fluctuations in prices or dealer's margin or are securities included in the portfolio in which a pattern of short term profit making exists. After initial measurement, such investments are carried at fair value and the gain / (loss) arising as a result of revaluation is taken to profit and loss account.

7.9.2 Held-to-maturity

These are securities with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities which the Bank has the intention and ability to hold till maturity. After initial measurement, such investments are carried at amortized cost.

7.9.3 Available-for-sale

These are investments which do not fall under the held-for-trading and held-to maturity categories. After initial measurement, such investments are measured at fair value. The gain / (loss) arising on revaluation is shown in the statement of financial position below equity which is taken to the profit and loss account when actually realized upon disposal.

Premium or discount on securities classified as available-for-sale and held-to-maturity is amortized using effective interest method and taken to profit and loss account.

Provision for impairment in the value of equity securities is made after considering objective evidence of impairment. Provision for diminution in the value of debt securities is made as per the requirements of the prudential regulations and charged to profit and loss account.

7.10 Statutory reserve

The Bank is required under Microfinance Institution Ordinance, 2001 and Prudential Regulation "R-4 - Statutory Reserve", to create a reserve fund to which shall be credited an amount equal to at least 20% of its annual profits after taxes till such time the reserve fund equals the paid-up capital of the bank and thereafter, a sum not less than 5% of its annual profit after taxes.

7.11 Depositors' protection fund

The Bank is required under Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001 to contribute 5% of its annual after tax profit and profit earned on investments of the fund shall be credited to the Depositors' Protection Fund for the purpose of providing security or guarantee to persons depositing money in the Bank.

7.12 Revenue recognition

- Mark-up / return / interest earned on advances, investments and bank balances is recognized on a time proportion basis, except in the case of advances classified under the Prudential Regulations on which mark-up is recognized on receipt basis.
- Gain or loss on sale of securities is accounted for in the period in which the sale / settlement occurs.
- Fee, commission and brokerage income is recognized as services are rendered.
- Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive dividend is established.
- Other income is recognized on accrual basis when then financial services have been rendered.

7.13 Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses are charged to profit and loss account, on accrual basis of accounting in the period in which these are incurred.

7.14 Dividend distribution

Dividends and other appropriations (except appropriations which are required by law) are recognized in the period in which these are approved.

Dividend made subsequent to the date of statement of financial position are considered as non-adjusting events and are recorded in the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standards (IAS) 10, 'Events after the Balance Sheet Date' in the period in which they are approved.

7.15 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized at the trade date, i.e. the date at which the Bank becomes party to a contractual provision of the instrument. Financial assets and liabilities are derecognized when they are distinguished i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on derecognition of the financial assets and liabilities are taken to income directly.

7.16 Financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial instruments carried on the statement of financial position include cash and balances with treasury banks, balances with other banks, lending to financial institutions, investments, advances, other assets, borrowings, deposits and other liabilities. The particular measurement methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

7.17 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

7.18 Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. However, provisions are reviewed at each statement of financial position date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

A contingent liability is disclosed when the Bank has a possible obligation as a result of past event, existence of which will be confirmed only by occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Bank or the Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation that arises from past events, but is not probable that an outflow of recourses embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

7.19 Earnings per shares

The Bank presents earnings per share (EPS) for its ordinary shares which is calculated by dividing the profits or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Bank by weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effect of all diluted potential ordinary shares (if any).

7.20 General

Figures have been rounded-off to nearest rupee, unless stated otherwise.

Where there are no amounts to be disclosed in the captions as prescribed by BSD circular No.11 dated December 30, 2003 issued by the SBP in respect of form of the financial statements for microfinance banks, these captions have not been reproduced in these financial statements, except for the captions of the balance sheet and profit and loss account.

7.21 Related party transactions

Transactions involving related parties arising in the normal course of the business are conducted at arm's length at normal commercial rates on the same terms and conditions as third transactions using valuation modes as admissible, unless disclosed otherwise.

							2022	2021
8	CASH	AND BALANCES WITH	SBP AND	NBP		Note	Rupe	ees
	Cash in	n hand						
		currency					908,448	763,708
		es with State Bank of Pakista currency current accounts	nn in			8.1	26,464,325	17,422,260
		es with National Bank of Pal currency deposit account	cistan in			8.2	7,971,565	4,713,354
						=	35,344,338	22,899,322
	8.1	This represents balance equivalent to 5% (2021: deposits with a tenure or regulations.	5%) and	10% (2021:	10%) as	liquidity rese	rve of the Bank's t	ime and demand
	8.2	This represents balance he 6.25%).	ld in savi	ng accounts	carrying m	ark-up at an a	annual average rate	of 12.50% (2021:
		0.23 /0/.					2022	2021
0	D 4 T 4		uza Aine	W AMED		Note	Rupe	ees
9		NCES WITH OTHER BAN	NKS/NBF	IS/MIF BS				
		stan al currency current account al currency deposit account				9.1	1,994,710 404,229,824 406,224,534	13,039,046 439,565,216 452,604,262
	9.1	It includes the accounts n product saving account c Microfinance Bank carryi Limited carrying mark-up	arrying m ing mark-	ark-up at a up at an an	n annual r inual rate (rate of 13.259 of 17.50% (2	% (2021: 8.25%),	balances with U-
10	INVES	STMENT - NET OF PROV	ISIONS			Note	Rupe	ees
10		o maturity (HTM)	1010110					
		Government securities						
		Tarket treasury bills (T-bills)				10.1	54,788,274	25,585,381
	Term d	leposits receipts (TDRs)				10.2	-	450,000,000
						=	54,788,274	475,585,381
	10.1	This represents treasury b January 26, 2023. second maturity on March 09, 202	treasury		•		-	
							2022	2021
	10.2	Details of term deposits r	eceipts				Rupe	ees
			Mati	1 <i>p</i> its7	Interes	t rate		
			2022	2021	2022	2021		
		U-Microfinance Bank	-	3 month	-	12.50%	-	200,000,000
		First Microfinance Bank	-	3 month	-	12.60%	<u> </u>	250,000,000 450,000,000
						_		450,000,000
								11-8/200

11 ADVANCES - NET OF PROVISIONS

Against provision

loan holders.

Directly charged to profit and loss account

		2022				2021			
	Note	Number of loans outstanding		Amour outstand (Rupee	ing		er of loans tanding	C	Amount outstanding (Rupees)
Micro Credit -Unsecured -Secured		66,1	10 20	1,286,58 2,95	34,114 51,329		53,981		929,130,544 1,744,226
Less: Provision held - Specific - General	11.1 11.3	-		(12,78	76,551) 34,724) 51,275)		- - -		(4,145,513) (9,220,294) (13,365,807)
Microcredit advances- net of provisions Staff loans		66,1	30	1,271,37	74,168 24,154		53,990		917,508,963 26,955,964
Advances (net of provis	ions)			1,302,89			53,993		944,464,927
Catagory		2022					2021		
Category of Classification	Amount Outstanding	Provisions Required		ovisions Held		ount anding	Provision Required		Provisions Held
OAEM	25,390,059			Rup		 766,315			
Substandard	1,933,675	483,418		483,418		529,368	382,	342	382,342
Doubtful	8,472,535	4,236,267		4,236,267	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	105,493	3,552,		3,552,746
Loss	656,864 36,453,133	656,864 5,376,549		656,864 5,376,549		210,425 611,601	4,145,		210,425 4,145,513
	30,733,133	2,210,27		0,010,07	10,	011,001	7,17⊅,.	J 1 J	т,1тЈ,Ј1Ј

11.1 This represents general provision equivalent to 1% of outstanding unsecured advances held in accordance with the requirements of Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks.

11.2	Particulars of provision	2022			2021			
	against non-performing advances	Specific	General	Total	Specific	Gene	ral	Total
				Rupees				
	Opening balance	4,145,513	9,220,294	13,365,807	908,713	5,28	0,141	6,188,854
	Charge for the year	7,924,302	3,564,430	11,488,732	9,214,845	3,94	0,153	13,154,998
	Write off	(6,693,265)	-	(6,693,265)	(5,978,045)		-	(5,978,045
	Closing balance	5,376,550	12,784,724	18,161,274	4,145,513	9,22	0,294	13,365,807
11.2.1	Particulars of write of	fs:		Note	2022			2021
					Amour	nt	A	Amount
					(Rupee	s)	(I	Rupees)

9,020,722 8,274,759

11.2.1.1 This represents write-off against unsecured micro credit advances which were not recovered due to death of

11.3

11.2.1.1

6,693,265

2,327,457

5,978,045

2,296,714

2022

28,067,716

6,750,619

53,105,621 87,923,956

Note

12.1

0

0

----- Rupees ------

2021

17,257,492

2,397,392

68,690,449 88,345,333

12 OPERATING FIXED ASSETS

Property and Equipment Intangible Assets Right of Use Assets

12.1 Property and Equipment

Office equipment
Office improvement
Furniture and fixture

Vehicles Total

	Net book value	ON	DEPRECIATION	CCUMULATED	A(ST	CO	
Rate of Deprecia	at Dec 31, 2022	As at Dec 31, 2022	On Disposal / transfer	Charge for the year	As at Jan 1, 2022	As at Dec 31, 2022	On Disposal / transfer	Additions	As at Jan 1, 2022
					Rupees				
20%	18,598,551	15,239,585	-	5,031,825	10,207,760	33,838,136	-	15,487,526	18,350,610
5%	2,840,811	711,994	-	171,969	540,025	3,552,805	-	268,815	3,283,990
10%	1,390,523	1,356,834	-	273,823	1,083,011	2,747,357	-	30,000	2,717,357
20%	5,237,831	3,424,669	-	1,732,500	1,692,169	8,662,500	-	2,234,000	6,428,500
	28,067,716	20,733,082	-	7,210,117	13,522,965	48,800,798	-	18,020,341	30,780,457

		COST				ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION				Rate of
	As at Jan 1, 2021	Additions	Disposals / transfers	As at Dec 31, 2021	As at Jan 1, 2021	Charge for the year	On Disposals / transfers	As at Dec 31, 2021	Net book value at Dec 31, 2021	Depreciation
					Rupees					
Office equipment	15,557,799	2,792,811	-	18,350,610	7,050,201	3,157,559	-	10,207,760	8,142,850	20%
Office improvement	3,207,004	76,986	-	3,283,990	377,671	162,354	-	540,025	2,743,965	5%
Furniture and fixture	2,717,357	-	-	2,717,357	811,275	271,736	-	1,083,011	1,634,346	10%
Vehicles	6,428,500	-	-	6,428,500	409,991	1,282,178	-	1,692,169	4,736,331	20%
Total	27,910,660	2,869,797	-	30,780,457	8,649,137	4,873,827	-	13,522,965	17,257,492	

12.2 Intangible assets

		COST		ACCUMU	LATED AMOR	FIZATION		- · ·
	As at Jan 1, 2022	Additions	As at Dec 31, 2022	As at Jan 1, 2022	Amortization	As at Dec 31, 2022	Net book value at Dec 31, 2022	Rate of amortization
Software Total	6,385,243 6,385,243	5,366,501 5,366,501	11,751,744 11,751,744	3,987,851 3,987,851	1,013,274 1,013,274	5,001,125 5,001,125	6,750,619 6,750,619	20%
	COST ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION							
	As at Jan 1, 2021	Additions	As at Dec 31, 2021	As at Jan 1, 2021	Amortization	As at Dec 31, 2021	Net book value at Dec 31, 2021	Rate of amortization
			·	Rupees				
Software	5,833,753	551,490	6,385,243	3,064,417	923,434	3,987,851	2,397,392	20%
Total	5,833,753	551,490	6,385,243	3,064,417	923,434	3,987,851	2,397,392	

12.3 Right of use assets

The right-of-use assets for property leases for all branches and service centers were measured on a retrospective basis as if the new rules had always been applied.

	Note	2022	2021
		Rupe	es
Balance as at initial application i.e. January 01, 2022		70,209,441	30,102,789
Additions during the year		-	-
Remeasurement ROUA		-	52,938,136
Depreciation expense charged for the year	22	(17,103,820)	(14,350,476)
Right of use assets (ROUA) - as of December 31, 2022		53,105,621	68,690,449
			117 War

						2022	2021
13	отні	ER ASSETS				Rup	ees
	Incom Profit Advar	ne/ mark-up accrued on a receivable on TDR's aces, prepayments and de ace tax - net of provision				69,900,433 12,539,170 37,922,194 120,361,797	61,158,246 619,178 13,580,060 24,847,461 100,204,945
14	DEFE	CRRED TAX ASSETS					
	Defen	red tax assets arising on a	account of tem	nporary deductible	difference in:		
	- Emp - Leas	ision against advances and loyee benefit e finance facility red tax Liabilities arising			e difference in:	5,266,770 726,039 10,291,589 16,284,398	3,876,084 1,476,303 16,356,404 21,708,791
	- Righ " Intar	rating fixed assets t to use assets ngible assets	itios)			(747,613) (15,400,630) 36,801 (16,111,442) 172,956	(865,444) (19,561,887) (28,452) (20,455,783) 1,253,008
	Net de	eferred tax assets / (liabil	ities)				
15		OSITS AND ER ACCOUNTS	Note	Number of accounts	Amount outstanding (Rupees)	Number of accounts	Amount outstanding (Rupees)
		Current deposits Fixed Deposit Savings deposits	15.2 15.3	11 - 129,045 129,056	124,094 310,592,559 289,618,543 600,335,196	11 1 103,094 103,106	124,633 250,000,000 20,898,159 271,022,792
	15.1	Particulars of deposit	s by ownersh	ip			
		 Individual depositor Institutional deposit 		129,054	269,159,666	103,105	21,006,214
		a) Corporation/firm b) Banks/financial	ıs	1 1 129,056	50,000,000 281,175,530 600,335,196	103,106	250,016,578 271,022,792
	15.2	This representative te 17.25% (2021: 13.00%)	-	aving tenure of 0	6-36 months (2021:	06 month) carring	interest rate 12-
	15.3	These are remunerativ 17.50% per annum (20			and individual clien	ts carrying interest 2022	
					Note		2021 ees
16	BORI	ROWINGS				-	
	Borro	wings from State Bank o	f Pakistan		16.1	310,000,000 310,000,000	750,000,000 750,000,000

The Bank obtained borrowing from the State Bank of Pakistan under its line of credit fund Scheme. A total amount of Rs. 750 million was sanctioned and was received by the Bank in two tranches. The first tranche of Rs. 109.22 million received at markup rate of six months KIBOR +1% (ranging from 8.35% to 8.69% during the year) and the second tranche of Rs. 640.78 million was received at a markup rate of six months KIBOR -1% (ranging from 6.35% to 6.69% during the year). The interest on the facility is payable bi-annually and the principle can be repaid within 5 years by 2024. We paid during the year the first tranche of Rs. 109.22 million at markup rate of six months KIBOR +1% and remaining paid from second tranche of Rs. 331.00 at a markup rate of six months KIBOR -1%.

		Tate of six months Kibok -1/0.			2022	2021
				Note	Rupe	es
17	OTHE	ER LIABILITIES				
	Mark-ı	up/Return/ Interest payable			36,483,017	27,181,307
		fee payable			542,050	645,000
		payable			250,101	189,263
	Withho	olding tax payable			2,822,872	573,874
	Emplo	yees provident fund payable			783,600	928,520
	Gratuit	ty payable		17.1	2,503,582	5,095,699
		payable			6,132,508	3,971,820
	Lease 1	liability against right of use assets		17.2	35,488,237	56,401,393
					85,005,967	94,986,876
	17.1	Gratuity payable				
	17.1.1	Statement of financial position				
		Present value of defined benefit obligation		17.1.4	17,625,463	15,972,768
		less Fair value of plan assets	[17.1.4	(15,398,648)	(11,153,836)
		plus payable			276,767	276,767
		Balance sheet liability / (assets)			2,503,582	5,095,699
	17.1.2	Changes in present value of defined benefit ob	oligations			
		Present value of defined benefit obligation			15,972,768	11,133,263
		Current service cost		17.1.4	5,325,796	3,885,187
		Past service cost (credit)			-	-
		Interest cost on defined benefit obligation		17.1.4	1,691,082	1,056,303
		Benefits due but not paid (payables)			-	(239,642)
		Benefits paid			(3,161,167)	(359,130)
		Remeasurements:				-
		Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in dem		-	(185,267)	-
		Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in fina	ncial assur	nptions	154,546	97,895
		Experience adjustments			(2,172,294)	398,892
		Dragant value of defined banefit abligation			(2,203,015) 17,625,464	496,787 15,972,768
		Present value of defined benefit obligation			17,025,404	13,972,708
	17.1.3	Changes in Fair Value of Plan Assets				
		Fair Value of Plan Assets			11,153,836	-
		Contributions			5,862,899	12,581,199
		Interest income on plan assets			1,424,229	595,826
		Benefit paid			(3,161,167)	(1,769,941)
		Benefits due but not paid Paturn on plan assets, aveluding interest income			73,778	(253,248)
		Return on plan assets, excluding interest income			15,353,575	11,153,836
					13,333,373	11,133,030
						1128/200
						V

	Note	2022 Rupe	2021
17.1.4	Expenses to be charged to P&L	Kupe	es
	Current service cost	5,325,796	3,885,187
	Past service cost (credit)	-	-
	Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	1,691,082	1,056,303
	Interest income on plan assets	(1,469,302)	(595,826)
	Expense chargeable to P&L	5,547,576	4,345,664
17.1.5	Total remeasurements chargeable in other comprehensive income		
	Remeasurement of plan obligation:		
	Actuarial gains from changes in demographic assumptions	(185,267)	-
	Actuarial gains from changes in financial assumptions	154,546	97,895
	Experience adjustments	(2,172,294)	398,892
	Total remeasurements chargeable in other comprehensive income	(2,203,015)	496,787
		(73,778)	253,248
1716	Changes in net liability	(2.276.793)	750.035
17.1.0	Changes in het habinty		
	Balance sheet liability	5,095,699	12,581,199
	Expense chargeable to P&L	5,547,576	4,345,664
	Remeasurements chargeable in other comprehensive income	(2,276,793)	750,035
	Benefits paid	(5,862,899)	(12,581,199)
	Benefits payable transferred to short term liability	<u> </u>	
	Balance sheet liability	2,503,583	5,095,699
17.1.7	Significant Actuarial Assumptions		
	Discount rate used for interest cost in P&L charge	11.75%	9.75%
	Discount rate used for year end obligation	14.50%	11.75%
	Salary increase used for year end obligation	-	-
	Salary increase FY2022	N/A	10.75%
	Salary increase FY2023	13.50%	10.75%
	Salary increase FY2024	13.50%	10.75%
	Salary increase FY2025	13.50%	10.75%
	Salary increase FY2026	13.50%	10.75%
	Salary increase FY2027	13.50%	10.75%
	Salary increase FY2028 onward	13.50%	10.75%
	Next salary is increased at	01-Jan-23	01-Jan-22
	Mortality rates	SLIC	SLIC
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2001 - 2005	2001 - 2005
		Setback 1	Setback 1
	With January Lands	Year	Year
	Withdrawal rates	Age-Based	Age-Based
	Retirement assumption	Age 60	Age 60
			NZEIDEO
			¥

17.1.8	Estimated Expenses to be charged to P&L in FY 2023		Dec-31, 2022
17.110			5 525 055
	Current service cost		5,535,977
	Interest cost on defined benefit obligation Interest income on plan assets		2,335,507 (2,437,679)
	Amount chargeable to P&L		5,433,805
	Amount chargeable to I &L		3,433,003
17.1.9	Additional Disclosure item		
	A) Plan Assets at December		
	1 Bond		0.00%
	2 Equity		0.00%
	3 Cash and/or Deposits		100.00%
	4 Others		0.00%
			100.00%
	B) Year End Sensitivity Ananlysis on Defined Benefit Obligation		2024
	D	2022	2021
	Discount rate effect	Rupe	ees
	Discount rate + 100 bps	16,813,437	15,049,580
	Discount rate - 100 bps	18,537,958	17,026,442
	Salary increase + 100 bps	18,587,716	17,067,801
	Salary increase - 100 bps	16,753,080	14,995,459
	C) Expected Benefit Payments for the next 10 years and beyond		
	1 FY 2023		3,037,039
	2 FY 2024		3,368,223
	3 FY 2025		4,899,278
	4 FY 2026		4,069,342
	5 FY 2027		12,707,896
	6 FY 2028		3,198,315
	7 FY 2029		3,363,276
	8 FY 2030		3,283,687
	9 FY 2031		2,932,006
	10 FY 2032		2,961,266
	11 FY 203312 The average duration of the defined benefit obligation is		332,699,535 5 Years
		2022	
	Note	2022	2021
17.2	Note Lease liability against right of use assets	Rupe	ees
17 .2	Deade havinty against right of alse assets		
	Lease liabilities included in the statement of financial position		
	As at December 31, 2022	35,488,237	56,401,393
	Of which are:		
	Current lease liability	35,488,237	21,486,938
	Non-current lease liability	55, 1 66,251	21,700,730
	1.011 current louise maching	-	47 WBen
			11.2

17.2.1 he Bank has leased assets which are essentially property rent contracts for its branches and service centers with lease terms of less than one year with the option to extend the lease term based on mutual consent of the landlord and the Bank. It has been the usual practice that most of these rent contracts are extended with rent incremental of 8% to 15% per annum. An indicative finance charge at the SBP policy rate of 17% per annum has been assumed for the purposes of discounting the future cash flows relating to rental / lease payments.

These leased assets fall under the scope of IFRS 16 and hence the appropriate treatment has been applied.

SHARE CAPITAL 18

Authorized share capital

2022	2021		2022	2021			
No. of Sl 200,000,000	200,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid in cash	2,000,000,000	2,000,000,000			
•	Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital						
2022 No. of S	2021 Shares	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	2022 Ru	2021 oees			
75,000,000	75,000,000	fully paid in cash	750,000,000	750,000,000			

1

	75,000,000	75,000,000	fully paid in cash	750,000,000	750,000,000
	18.1 Sindh Bank Li	mited is the parent bank	holding 99.99% shares of Sindh	Microfinance Bank Li	mited.
19	MEMORANDUM / C	OFF BALANCE SHEE	T ITEMS		
	There are no continger	acies as at year end (202	1: Nil).		
				2022	2021
			Note	Rup	oees
20	MARK-UP / RETUR	N / INTEREST EARN	ED		
	On: - Advances			390,793,605	252,827,657
		s with Banks /MFB etc.		73,424,692	91,577,730
	•	l Government securities	T-Bills	4,455,477	82,800
	- Staff loans			1,012,332	978,817
				469,686,106	345,467,004
21	MARK-UP / RETUR	N / INTEREST EXPE	NSED		
	On:				
	- Deposits			72,100,967	3,556,443
	- Leased liability			10,892,259	6,515,986
	- Borrowings			41,532,659	51,728,186
				124,525,885	61,800,615
					willen

			2022	2021
		Note	Rup	ees
22	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	Salaries, wages and other allowances etc.		185,915,195	154,324,780
	Contribution to defined contribution plan		5,058,594	5,465,808
	Gratuity expense	17.1	5,547,576	4,345,664
	Staff welfare		1,625,114	849,613
	Directors' fee		480,000	570,000
	Printing and stationery		3,151,688	1,835,283
	Communication		4,805,063	3,753,216
	Office supplies		23,800	53,210
	Travelling and conveyance		9,058,178	4,283,769
	Insurance		3,085,498	3,239,206
	Training and development		1,147,748	560,930
	Utilities Utilities		7,320,922	5,335,759
	Branch setup cost		562,963	719,754
	Advertisement & publicity		255,096	323,180
	Depreciation	12.1	7,210,117	4,873,827
	Amortization	0	1,013,274	923,434
	Depreciation expense on lease assets	0	14,041,889	14,350,476
	Auditor's remuneration	22.1	686,425	728,820
	Bank charges	22.1	2,586,406	1,903,811
	Repair & maintenance Exp		3,809,472	1,785,080
	Office cleaning and maintenance		634,665	615,078
	Legal and professional fee		144,000	144,000
	Client KYC and verification expenses		6,829,728	3,672,003
	Fee and subscription		, , ,	
	-		2,901,644	2,734,894
	IT equipment and software maintenance		5,747,398	4,614,642
	Others		420,962	397,155
			274,063,415	222,403,392
	22.1 Auditors' remuneration			
	Provident fund		37,800	37,800
	Half yearly review fee		144,375	137,500
	·		404,250	
	Yearly Audit fee Certification fee		,	385,000
			61,500	61,500
	Public sector code of corporate governance - report fee		38,500	38,500
	Out of pocket and others		686,425	68,520 728,820
			-	
23	OTHER CHARGES			
	State Bank of Pakistan-Pemalty	12.3	41,000	
				www

### For the year - current - current - current - current - current - current - deferred ### For the prior year's - current - deferred ### Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit ### Profit before tax ### Profi					2022	2021
For the year	24	TAV	ATION		Rupe	es
- current 15,410,853 16,261,018 2,203,349.018 70 the prior year's 15,830,636 18,464,410 18,330,636 18,464	24	IAA	ATION			
A 19,783 2,203,392 15,830,636 18,464,410 18,306,366 18,464,410 18,306,366 18,464,410 18,306,366 18,464,410 18,306,366 18,464,410 18,306,366 18,464,410 18,306,366 18,464,410 18,306,366 18,464,410 18,306,366 18,464,410 18,306,366 18,464,410 18,306,366 18,464,410 18,306,366 18,464,410 18,306,366 18,464,410 18,306,366 18,285,273 18,285,273 18,285,273 16,599,489 13,285,273 16,599,489 13,285,273 16,599,489 13,285,273 19,137 17,306,366 18,464,410 18,306,			-		15 410 052	16 261 010
For the prior year's - current - deferred -						
- current - deferred		dere				
- deferred						
15,830,636					-	-
Profit before tax		- dere	ineu		-	
Profit before tax					15,830,636	18,464,410
Tax at the tax rate of 29% Effects of:		24.1	Relationship between tax expense and	accounting profit		
Effects of:			Profit before tax		57,239,617	45,811,285
Find the proof of the point and difference 1,768,853 5,179,137 15,830,636 18,464,410 18,464,410 19,200 1					16,599,489	13,285,273
Figure					-	-
Tax expense 15,830,636 18,464,410					-	- 5 170 107
Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Bank by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year. 2022						
Basic Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Bank by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year. 25.1 Profit for the year A 41,408,981 27,346,875 (Number) (Number) (Number) Weighted average ordinary shares B 75,000,000 75,000,000 Earnings per share A/B 0.55 0.36 Diluted There is no dilution effect on the basic earnings per share of the Bank as on December 31, 2022 (2021: Nil). Very color in hand Cash and balances with SBP and NBP 8 908,448 763,708 Cash in hand Cash and balances with SBP and NBP 8 34,435,890 22,135,614 Balances with other banks 9 406,224,534 452,604,262 Investment - net of provisions - 450,000,000			-		12,020,020	10,101,110
Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Bank by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year. 25.1 Profit for the year A 41,408,981 27,346,875 (Number) (Number) Weighted average ordinary shares B 75,000,000 75,000,000 Earnings per share A/B O.55 0.36 Diluted There is no dilution effect on the basic earnings per share of the Bank as on December 31, 2022 (2021: Nil). Possible of the Bank as on December 31, 2022 (2021: Nil). Note Rupes 2022 2021 Note Rupes 2021 Rupes 2022 2021 Shote Rupes 2021 Rupes 2022 2021 Rupes 2021 Rupes 450,708 Cash and balances with SBP and NBP 8 34,435,890 22,135,614 Balances with other banks 9 406,224,534 452,604,262 Investment - net of provisions - 450,000,000	25	EAR	NINGS PER SHARE			
A 2022 2021		Basic	:			
A 2022 2021		Basic	earnings per share is calculated by dividing	ng the profit attributable to eq	uity holders of the Bank	by the weighted
Profit for the year A 41,408,981 27,346,875 (Number) (
25.1 Profit for the year A 41,408,981 27,346,875 (Number) Weighted average ordinary shares B 75,000,000 75,000,000 Earnings per share A/B 0.55 0.36 Diluted There is no dilution effect on the basic earnings per share of the Bank as on December 31, 2022 (2021: Nil). Phote Rupes Cash In hand 8 908,448 763,708 Cash and balances with SBP and NBP 8 34,435,890 22,135,614 Balances with other banks 9 406,224,534 452,604,262 Investment - net of provisions - 450,000,000						
Weighted average ordinary shares B 75,000,000 75,000,000					-	
Weighted average ordinary shares B 75,000,000 75,000,000 Earnings per share A/B 0.55 0.36 Diluted There is no dilution effect on the basic earnings per share of the Bank as on December 31, 2022 (2021: Nil). Note 2022 2021 Note Rupees Cash in hand 8 908,448 763,708 Cash and balances with SBP and NBP 8 34,435,890 22,135,614 Balances with other banks 9 406,224,534 452,604,262 Investment - net of provisions - 450,000,000		25.1	Profit for the year	A	41,408,981	27,346,875
Earnings per share A/B 0.55 0.36 Diluted There is no dilution effect on the basic earnings per share of the Bank as on December 31, 2022 (2021: Nil). Note 2022 2021 Note Rupees Cash in hand 8 908,448 763,708 Cash and balances with SBP and NBP 8 34,435,890 22,135,614 Balances with other banks 9 406,224,534 452,604,262 Investment - net of provisions - 450,000,000					(Number)	(Number)
Diluted There is no dilution effect on the basic earnings per share of the Bank as on December 31, 2022 (2021: Nil). 2022 2021 Note Rupees Cash in hand 8 908,448 763,708 Cash and balances with SBP and NBP 8 34,435,890 22,135,614 Balances with other banks 9 406,224,534 452,604,262 Investment - net of provisions - 450,000,000			Weighted average ordinary shares	В	75,000,000	75,000,000
There is no dilution effect on the basic earnings per share of the Bank as on December 31, 2022 (2021: Nil). 2022 2021 Note Rupees			Earnings per share	A/B	0.55	0.36
2022 2021 Note Rupees 26 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 8 908,448 763,708 Cash in hand 8 908,448 763,708 Cash and balances with SBP and NBP 8 34,435,890 22,135,614 Balances with other banks 9 406,224,534 452,604,262 Investment - net of provisions - 450,000,000			Diluted			
Note Rupees 26 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 8 908,448 763,708 Cash in hand 8 908,448 763,708 Cash and balances with SBP and NBP 8 34,435,890 22,135,614 Balances with other banks 9 406,224,534 452,604,262 Investment - net of provisions - 450,000,000			There is no dilution effect on the basic e	arnings per share of the Bank	as on December 31, 20	022 (2021: Nil).
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash in hand 8 908,448 763,708 Cash and balances with SBP and NBP 8 34,435,890 22,135,614 Balances with other banks 9 406,224,534 452,604,262 Investment - net of provisions - 450,000,000				N		
Cash in hand 8 908,448 763,708 Cash and balances with SBP and NBP 8 34,435,890 22,135,614 Balances with other banks 9 406,224,534 452,604,262 Investment - net of provisions - 450,000,000	26	CASI	H AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	Note	Kupe	es
Cash and balances with SBP and NBP 8 34,435,890 22,135,614 Balances with other banks 9 406,224,534 452,604,262 Investment - net of provisions - 450,000,000						
Balances with other banks 9 406,224,534 452,604,262 Investment - net of provisions - 450,000,000						
Investment - net of provisions - 450,000,000						
				7	400,224,334	
			F-0.12/10/10		441,568,872	
11/2 W. Den						WZWBEN

27 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

2022	Credit /Sales Staff	Banking Staff	Total
Permanent	131	72	203
Contractual	186	12	198
Total number of employees	317	84	401
2021	Credit /Sales Staff	Banking Staff	Total
Permanent	155	Number 99	254
Contractual	97	-	97
Total number of employees	252	99	351
		2022	2021
Average number of employees during the year		376	367

28 TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

		2022			2021		
	Key			Key			
	Directors	management	Other related	Directors	management	Other related	
		personnel	parties	200	personnel	parties	
			(Rupee	s in '000)			
Income:							
Mark-up / return /interest earned	-)(4)	4,492,803	-	-	1,493,138	
Interest on Loan to Employess	-	1,012,332	-	_	978,817	1 1 1	
Expense:							
Directors' meetinf fee	480,000) -)	-	570,000	-		
Insurance Premium Paid	-	5-	2,859,429	=	-	1,963,491	
Provision for Gratuity	-	5,547,576	-	-	4,345,664	35 - 36 - 36 - 36 - 36 - 36 - 36 - 36 -	
Contribution to Provident fund	-	5,058,594	-	_	5,465,808	1.00	
Bank Charges	-	3 5 3	477,971	_	15-20	103,603	
Balances with Related Parties:							
-Sindh Bank Limited							
(Highest balance during the year)							
Deposits in daily Saving account	_) -	65,296,804	-	-	47,352,986	
Balances outstanding as at Decemb	er 31,						
Deposits in daily saving account	-	1,40	11,572,742	-	-	36,751,419	
Loan to Employess	-	390	31,524,154			26,955,964	
Deposit of relative of a key			57 1 27				
management personnel	-	3,40	5,507			5,507	
Transactions with Related Parties:							
Purchase of Government Securities	_	3 4 3	119,667,642			25,569,486	
Gratuity Paid	_	5,862,899	*	-	12,581,199	2 4 5	

1128/200

		2022	2021
		Num	bers
29	NUMBER OF BRANCHES		
	At the beginning of the year	18	17
	Opened during the year	1	1
	Closed during the year	0	0
		19	18
30	NUMBER OF SERVICE CENTERS		
	At the beginning of the year	62	58
	Opened during the year	9	6
	Closed during the year	0	-2
		71	62

31 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

		2022			2021		
		Rupees		Rupees			
	CEO	Director	Executives	CEO	Director	Executives	
-Managerial remuneration	8,661,661	-	10,036,228	9,239,105	-	9,851,433	
-House rent allowance	3,897,747	-	4,516,303	4,157,597		4,433,145	
-Medical allowance	866,166	-	1,003,623	923,910		985,143	
-Utilities allowance	866,166	-	1,003,623	923,910		985,143	
-Contribution to PF	866,166	-	1,003,623	923,910	-	985,143	
-Directors fee	-	480,000	0	-	570,000	-	
-Bonus	1,539,851	-	1,523,331	1,539,851	-	1,436,636	
-Others	-	-	-	-	60,000		
	16,697,757	480,000	19,086,731	17,708,283	630,000	18,676,643	
Number of persons at year end	1	3	6	1	4	8	

- **31.1** Executive means employees, other than the chief executive officer and directors, whose basic salary exceed Rs. 1,200,000 in a financial year.
- 31.2 The President / Chief Executive Officer is entitled to use bank maintained car and perquisites in accordance with the terms of his appointment.

2022		2021
	Rupees	

32 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

32.1 Disclosures relating to Provident fund

Size of the fund	41,766,909	36,455,407
Cost of the investments made		-
Percentage of investments made	0%	0%
Fair value of investments		-
Break-up of investments		
TDR's	30,000,000	-
Government securities – T-Bills	-	-
Receivable from Sindh Microfinance Bank Limited	783,600	928,520
Bank balances	10,983,309	35,526,887
Accrued markup	<u> </u>	
	41,766,909	36,455,407

Investments out of Provident Fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the rules formulated for this purpose.

33 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

33.1 Interest / mark-up rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The risk as managed by the regular review of market rates. The Bank's interest rate exposure is low due to the short-term nature of the majority of business transactions.

			Inter	est bearing / exp	osed to yield / int	erest risk		No	n interest bearir	g / not exposed	to yield / interest r	risk	
	Note	Effective yield / interest rate	Up to one month	Over one month up to six months	Over six months up to one year	Over one year	Sub total	Up to one month	Over one month up to six months	Over six months up to one year	Over one year	Sub total	Total
2022		%						Rupees					
Financial assets													
Cash and balances with SBP and NBP	8		7,971,565	-	-	-	7,971,565	27,372,773	-	-	-	27,372,773	35,344,338
Balances with other banks	9	13.25 - 17.50	404,229,824	-	-	-	404,229,824	1,994,710	-	-	-	1,994,710	406,224,534
Investment - net of provisions	10	15.55 - 16.85	-	54,788,274	-	-	54,788,274	-	-	-	-	-	54,788,274
Advances	11	44.00	107,461,287	644,767,722	537,306,435	31,524,154	1,321,059,598	(18,161,275)	-	-	-	(18,161,275)	1,302,898,323
Other assets	13	_		-	-	-	<u> </u>		69,900,433	12,539,170	126,019,106	208,458,709	208,458,709
		_	519,662,676	699,555,996	537,306,435	31,524,154	1,788,049,261	11,206,208	69,900,433	12,539,170	126,019,106	219,664,917	2,007,714,178
Off statement of financial position			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total		-	519,662,676	699,555,996	537,306,435	31,524,154	1,788,049,261	11,206,208	69,900,433	12,539,170	126,019,106	219,664,917	2,007,714,178
Financial liabilities													
							(124,094)						
Deposits and other accounts	15	8.00 - 17.25	289,618,543	7,550,000	160,342,559	142,700,000	600,211,102	124,094	-	-	-	124,094	600,335,196
Borrowings	16	6.35 - 8.69	-	-	-	310,000,000	310,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	310,000,000
Other liabilities	17	_	-	-				46,472,098	542,050		37,991,819	85,005,967	85,005,967
			289,618,543	7,550,000	160,342,559	452,700,000	910,211,102	46,596,192	542,050	-	37,991,819	85,130,061	995,341,163
Off statement of financial position			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total		-	289,618,543	7,550,000	160,342,559	452,700,000	910,211,102	46,596,192	542,050	-	37,991,819	85,130,061	995,341,163
On statement of financial position gap			230,044,133	692,005,996	376,963,876	(421,175,846)	877,838,159	(35,389,984)	69,358,383	12,539,170	88,027,287	134,534,856	1,012,373,015
Off statement of financial position gap		-	_	_	_	_			_	_			
See		=	336,214,735	8,092,050	160,342,559	490,691,819							110 W 120



			Interest bearing / exposed to yield / interest risk			Non interest bearing / not exposed to yield / interest risk							
	Note	Effective yield / interest rate	Up to one month	Over one month up to six months	Over six months up to one year	Over one year	Sub total	Up to one month	Over one month up to six months	Over six months up to one year	Over one year	Sub total	Total
2021		%						Rupees					
Financial assets													
Cash and balances with SBP and NBP	8		4,713,354	-	-	-	4,613,586	18,185,968	-	_	-	14,642,105	19,255,691
Balances with other banks	9	5.5 - 10.75	439,565,216	-	-	-	462,699,306	13,039,046	-	-	-	15,601,712	478,301,018
Investment - net of provisions	10	9.85 - 14.40	-	475,585,381	-	-	687,933,096	-	-	-	-	-	687,933,096
Advances	11	34	143,084,464	574,162,618	225,677,589	19,481,367	559,994,677	-	-	-	-	-	559,994,677
Other assets	13	<u>_</u>	61,158,246	619,178	-	-	77,111,555		-	13,580,060	114,445,802	82,832,363	159,943,918
			648,521,280	1,050,367,177	225,677,589	19,481,367	1,792,352,220	31,225,014	-	13,580,060	114,445,802	113,076,180	1,905,428,400
Off statement of financial position			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total		-	834,491,148	778,676,461	153,180,636	26,003,975	1,792,352,220	31,225,014	-	13,580,060	114,445,802	113,076,180	1,905,428,400
Financial liabilities													
Deposits and other accounts	15	8 - 13.25	2,490,159	250,000,000	4,000,000	14,408,000	270,898,159	124,633	-	-	-	124,633	271,022,792
Borrowings	16	6.24 - 14.49	-	-	-	750,000,000	750,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	750,000,000
Other liabilities	17		-	-			-	32,844,781	645,000	993,696	60,503,396	94,986,873	94,986,873
		_	2,490,159	250,000,000	4,000,000	764,408,000	1,020,898,159	32,969,414	645,000	993,696	60,503,396	95,111,506	1,116,009,665
Off statement of financial position		=	-	-	-	-			-	-	<u> </u>	-	-
Total		=	123,150,212	-	2,476,956	775,995,506	1,020,898,159	33,029,265	350,000	-	21,486,938	54,866,203	956,488,877
On statement of financial position gap		=	711,340,936	778,676,461	150,703,680	(749,991,531)	771,454,061	(1,804,251)	(350,000)	13,580,060	92,958,864	58,209,977	948,939,523
Off statement of financial position gap		=	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

33.2 Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Bank's credit risk is primarily attributable to its advance. The bank has an effective loan disbursement and recovery monitoring system which allow it to evaluate borrowers' credit worthiness and identify potential problem loans. Provision for loan losses is maintained as required by the Prudential Regulation.

In summary, the maximum exposure to credit risk as at reporting date was as follows:

		2022	2021
	Note	Rupe	es
Bank balances	8 & 9	414,196,099	457,317,616
Advances - Net of Provisions	11	1,302,898,322	944,464,927
Investment - Net of Provisions	10.2	54,788,274	450,000,000
Other Assets	13	82,439,603	75,357,484
		1,854,322,298	1,927,140,027

33.3 Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk is the risk of being unable to raise funds at a reasonable price to meet commitment when they fall due or take the advantage of investment opportunities when they rise. The management ensure that funds are available at all times to meet the funding requirements of the Bank.

As at the reporting date the Bank's financial liabilities have contractual maturities as summarized below:

2022	Effective yield / interest rate	Upto one year	Over one year	Total	
Deposits and other accounts	8.00 - 17.25	457,635,196	142,700,000	600,335,196	
Borrowings	6.35 - 8.69	-	310,000,000	310,000,000	
Other Liabilities	_	47,014,148	37,991,819	85,005,967	
	=	504,649,344	490,691,819	995,341,163	
2021					
Deposits and other accounts	8 - 13.25	256,614,792	14,408,000	271,022,792	
Borrowings	6.24 - 14.49	-	750,000,000	750,000,000	
Other Liabilities	_	33,909,603	60,503,396	94,412,999	
	=	290,524,395	824,911,396	1,115,435,791	

33.4 Interest risk measurement

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rate. The risk is managed by regular review of market rates.

Sensitivity analysis of interest rate risk on financial assets and liabilities is presented below:

		2022	2021	
	Note	Rupees		
Net financial assets	33.1	877,838,159	771,454,061	
Effect on profit and loss account		0.880.202	0.007.205	
Interest rate + 100 bps		8,778,382	8,907,295	
Interest rate - 100 bps		(8,778,382)	(8,907,295)	

33.5 Fair value measurement

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into three levels of fair value hierarchy. This grouping is determined based on the lowest level of significant inputs used in fair value measurement, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Financial instrument in level 1

Currently, no financial instruments are classified in level 1.

Financial instrument in level 2

Currently, no financial instruments are classified in level 2.

Financial instrument in level 3

Currently, no financial instruments are classified in level 3.

The fair value of assets and liabilities except for staff loan and non-performing advances, their carrying values since

these assets and liabilities are either short term in nature or frequently repriced in case of customer loan and deposits.

The fair value of staff loan cannot be calculated with sufficient reliability due to the absence of current and active market for such assets and reliable data regarding market rates for similar instruments. The provision for non performing advances is calculated in accordance with the Bank's accounting policy as stated in policy note.

34 MATURITIES OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

2022	Total	Upto one month	Over one month upto six months	Over six months upto one year	Over one year
Market rate assets			Rupees		
Market rate assets					
Advances	1,321,059,598	107,461,287	644,767,722	537,306,435	31,524,154
Investments	54,788,274	-	54,788,274	-	-
Other earning assets	412,201,389	412,201,389			
Total market rate assets	1,788,049,261	519,662,676	699,555,996	537,306,435	31,524,154
Other non-earning assets	219,664,917	11,206,208	69,900,433	12,539,170	126,019,106
Total assets	2,007,714,178	530,868,884	769,456,429	549,845,605	157,543,260
	-				
Market rate liabilities					
Time deposits of Rs.100,000					
and above	600,087,008	289,494,449	7,550,000	160,342,559	142,700,000
Time deposits below Rs.100,000	-	-		-	-
Borrowing	310,000,000	-	-	-	310,000,000
Other cost bearing liabilities					
Total market rate liabilities	910,087,008	289,494,449	7,550,000	160,342,559	452,700,000
Other non- cost bearing liabilities	85,254,155	46,720,286	542,050	-	37,991,819
Total liabilities	995,341,163	336,214,735	8,092,050	160,342,559	490,691,819
				_	
		**	Over one month	Over six months	
2021	Total	Upto one month	upto six months	upto one year	Over one year
-			Rupees		
Market rate assets					
	0.62 40.6 020	142.004.464	574 160 610	225 677 590	10 401 267
Advances Investments	962,406,038 475,585,381	143,084,464	574,162,618 475,585,381	225,677,589	19,481,367
Other earning assets	506,055,994	505,436,816	619,178		_
Total market rate assets	1,944,047,413	648,521,280	1,050,367,177	225,677,589	19,481,367
Other non-earning assets Total assets	159,250,876 2,103,298,289	31,225,014 679,746,294	1,050,367,177	13,580,060 239,257,649	114,445,802 133,927,169
Total assets	2,103,298,289	079,740,294	1,030,307,177	239,237,049	133,927,109
Market rate liabilities					
Time deposits of Rs.100,000 and above	20,398,117	1,990,117	-	4,000,000	14,408,000
Time deposits below Rs.100,000	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowing	750,000,000	-	-	-	750,000,000
Other cost bearing liabilities	-	-		-	-
Total market rate liabilities	770,398,117	1,990,117	-	4,000,000	764,408,000
Other non- cost bearing liabilities	54,866,203	32,969,414	645,000	993,696	60,503,396
Total liabilities	825,264,320	34,959,531	645,000	4,993,696	824,911,396
-					

35 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The objective of managing capital is to safeguard the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it could continue to provide adequate returns and benefits to stakeholders by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and comply with capital requirement set by SBP. It is the policy of the Bank to maintain a strong capital base at reasonable post so as to maintain investors, creditor and market confidence, sustained future development of the business and achieve low overall cost of the capital with appropriate mix of cost of capital. The impact of the level of capital on shareholders return is also recognized and the Bank recognizes the need to maintain a balance between the higher returns that might be possible with higher gearing and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position.

As per amendments in Prudential Regulations (R-1) issued vide BPRD Circular No. 10 of 2015 dated June 03, 2015, the minimum paid up capital requirement (MCR), free of losses for Microfinance Banks operating at provincial level is Rs. 500 million. As at December 31, 2022, the paid up share capital of the Bank stood at Rs. 750 million (2021: Rs. 750 million).

The capital of the Bank is managed keeping in view the minimum Capital Adequacy Ratio CAR (15%) required by the Prudential Regulations for the Microfinance Banks / Institutions. The adequacy of the capital is tested with reference to the risk-weighted assets of the Bank. The calculation of capital adequacy enables the Bank to assess the long-term soundness. As the Bank conducts business on a wide area network basis, it is critical that it is able to continuously monitor the exposure across the entire organization.

The Bank manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in regulatory and economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Bank may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

As at December 31, 2022, the Bank's Capital adequacy ratio (CAR) is approximately 63.43% (2021: 73.34%) of its weighted exposure, as against the minimum requirement of 15% prescribed by SBP.

Note 36 Comparative Figures missing.

36 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

No adjusting or significant non-adjusting events have occurred between the reporting date and date of authorization.

37 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

These financial statements were authorized for issue on ______ by the Board of Directors of the Bank.