Sindh Microfinance Bank Limited

For the six months period ended June 30, 2019



Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman Chartered Accountants



Sindh Microfinance Bank Limited

Condensed interim financial information For the six months period ended June 30, 2019

SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2019

	Note	June 30, 2019 (Un-audited) Ru	December 31, 2018 (Audited)
ASSETS	11010		
Cash and balances with SBP and NBP		5,785,331	13,416,112
Balances with other banks		765,747,517	255,910,462
Lending to financial institutions		-	_
Investment - net of provisions		163,550,000	100,000,000
Advances - net of provisions	7	726,913,598	583,101,762
Operating fixed assets	8	53,931,154	14,345,797
Other assets	9	27,635,492	36,679,795
Deferred tax asset-net			-
Total assets		1,743,563,092	1,003,453,928
LIABILITIES			
Deposits and other accounts	10	60 221 015	77 760 112
Borrowings		69,221,915	77,769,113
Subordinated debt	11	750,000,000	76,522,815
Other liabilities	12	(2.1(4.225	11 175 700
Deferred tax liabilities-net	12	62,164,335	11,175,708
Total liabilities	13	364,172	503,589
1 otal nabinues		881,750,422	165,971,225
NET ASSETS		861,812,670	837,482,703
REPRESENTED BY:			
Share capital	14	750,000,000	750,000,000
Statutory and general reserves	15	22,362,532	17,496,539
Depositors' protection fund	16	5,590,633	4,374,135
Unappropriated profit	10	83,859,505	65,612,029
Chappiophated piont		861,812,670	837,482,703
Surplus/(deficit) on revaluation of assets		-	-
Deferred grants		-	-
TOTAL EQUITY		861,812,670	837,482,703
MEMORANDUM / OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS	17		
The annual natural form 1 to 22 forms in the last of the	1 1' . ' . (05m
The annexed notes from 1 to 22 form an integral part of these	e condensed interim f	inancial informatio	on. Civm
President/Chief Executive Chairman	Directo		Director

SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM PROFIT & LOSS ACCOUNT (UN AUDITED) FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2019

Part			Half year	ended	Quarter	ended
Note		_		2	3	
Mark-up / return / interest earned Mark-up / roturn / interest expensed Mark-up / roturn / interest expensed Net mark-up / interest income Net mark-up / interest income 123,071,881 94,145,937 64,376,488 4,222,8675 Provision against non-performing loans and advances Provision against non-performing loans and advances Bad debts written off directly (1,142,434) (5,94,138) (5,62,719) (3,73,390) Net mark-up / interest income after provisions Net mark-up / interest income after provisions Net mark-up / interest income after provisions Net mark-up / non interest income Provision and brokerage income Other income Total non mark-up / non interest income Other provisions/write offs Other provisions/write offs Other provisions/write offs Other provisions/write offs Extra ordinary / unusual items Profit before taxation 10,077,029) (6,410,560) (5,617,176) (3,075,581) Profit after tuxation 12,43,239,670 (5,410,500) (5,617,176) (3,075,581) Profit after tuxation 12,43,239,670 (5,230,52) (5,410,500) (5,617,176) (3,075,581) Profit are travation 12,43,239,670 (5,230,52) (5,410,500) (5,617,776) (3,075,581) Profit are travation 12,43,239,670 (5,230,52) (5,410,500) (5,617,776) (3,075,581) Profit after tuxation 12,43,239,670 (5,230,52) (5,230,5		Note -	2019			
Mark-up / return / interest expensed (20,101,734) (1,573,160) (14,007,707) (1,538,08.6) Net mark-up / interest income (12,071,881) 94,145,937 64,376,458 4,222,675 Provision against non-performing loans and advances 7 (2,379,580) (1,535,683) (1,638,381) (632,701) Provision for diminusion in the value of investments (1,142,434) (594,138) (562,719) (373,399) (3,522,014) (2,129,821) (2,201,00) (1,006,100) Net mark-up / interest income after provisions 119,549,867 92,014,116 62,175,358 48,222,575 NON MARK-UP / NON INTEREST INCOME - - -	Mark up / raturn / interest comed		142 172 715	•		
Net mark-up / interest income 123,071,881 94,143,037 64,376,458 49,228,675 Provision against non-performing loans and advances 7 (2,379,580) (1,535,683) (1,638,381) (632,701) Provision for diminution in the value of investments (1,142,434) (594,138) (594,138) (562,719) (373,399) Bad debts written off directly (1,142,434) (594,138) (594,138) (562,719) (373,399) Net mark-up / interest income after provisions 119,549,867 92,014,116 62,175,358 48,222,575 NON MARK-UP / NON INTEREST INCOME Fee, commission and brokerage income -		18			, ,	
Provision against non-performing loans and advances 7		-				
Provision for diminution in the value of investments 1,142,434 (594,138) (562,719) (373,399) (353,399) (353,2014) (2,129,821) (2,201,000 (1,006,100) (1,066,100) (1,066,100) (1,066,100) (1,066,100) (1,066,100) (1,066,100) (1,066,100) (1,066,100) (1,066,100) (1,066,			123,071,881	94,143,937	64,376,458	49,228,675
	Provision against non-performing loans and advances	7	(2,379,580)	(1,535,683)	(1,638,381)	(632,701)
			-	-		
Not mark-up / interest income after provisions 119,549,867 92,014,116 62,175,358 48,222,575 NON MARK-UP / NON INTEREST INCOME	Bad debts written off directly	L	(1,142,434)	(594,138)	(562,719)	(373,399)
NON MARK-UP / NON INTEREST INCOME Fee, commission and brokerage income		_	(3,522,014)	(2,129,821)	(2,201,100)	(1,006,100)
Commission and brokerage income Commission and brokerage Com	Net mark-up / interest income after provisions		119,549,867	92,014,116	62,175,358	48,222,575
Dividend income -	NON MARK-UP/ NON INTEREST INCOME					
Other income Image: Content of the conten	Fee, commission and brokerage income	Γ	-		-	-
Total non mark-up / non interest income 119,549,867 92,014,116 62,175,358 48,222,575 NON MARKUP / NON INTEREST EXPENSE			-	_	-	-
NON MARKUP/ NON INTEREST EXPENSE (85,282,308) (69,322,907) (44,114,443) (36,647,963) Other provisions/write offs - - - - - Other charges -	Other income		-	-	-	-
NON MARKUP/ NON INTEREST EXPENSE (85,282,308) (69,322,907) (44,114,443) (36,647,963) Other provisions/write offs - - - - - Other charges -		_	- '	-	-	_
Administrative expenses (85,282,308) (69,322,907) (44,114,443) (36,647,963) Other provisions/write offs -	Total non mark-up / non interest income	_	119,549,867	92,014,116	62,175,358	48,222,575
Other provisions/write offs -<	NON MARKUP/ NON INTEREST EXPENSE					
Other provisions/write offs -<	Administrative expenses	Γ	(85,282,308)	(69,322,907)	(44,114,443)	(36,647,963)
Total non mark-up / non interest expenses (85,282,308) (70,119,407) (44,114,443) (37,444,63) Extra ordinary / unusual items	Other provisions/write offs		-	-	-	-
Profit before taxation 34,267,559 21,894,709 18,060,915 10,778,112 Taxation Current (10,077,029) (6,410,560) (5,617,176) (3,075,581) - prior	Other charges		-	(796,500)	-	(796,500)
Profit before taxation 34,267,559 21,894,709 18,060,915 10,778,112 Taxation - current (10,077,029) (6,410,560) (5,617,176) (3,075,581) - prior - C	Total non mark-up / non interest expenses	_	(85,282,308)	(70,119,407)	(44,114,443)	(37,444,463)
Taxation current (10,077,029) (6,410,560) (5,617,176) (3,075,581) - prior	Extra ordinary / unusual items		-	-	-	
- current - prior - deferred - 139,437 (226,437) (139,437 (287,270) - queric (9,937,592) (6,636,997) (5,477,739) (3,362,851) - Profit after taxation - (9,937,592) (6,636,997) (5,477,739) (3,362,851) - Profit after taxation - (9,937,592) (6,636,997) (5,477,739) (3,362,851) - Profit after taxation - (10,077,029) (6,410,560) (139,437) (287,270) - (9,937,592) (6,636,997) (5,477,739) (3,362,851) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,177,178) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,176) - (13,258,176) (13,258,1	Profit before taxation	_	34,267,559	21,894,709	18,060,915	10,778,112
- prior - deferred	Taxation					
139,437 (226,437) 139,437 (287,270) (287,270) (287,270) (287,270) (287,270) (287,270) (287,270) (287,270) (287,270) (287,270) (287,270) (287,270) (287,270) (287,270) (287,270) (287,270) (287,270) (287,270) (283,285) (287,270	- current	Γ	(10,077,029)	(6,410,560)	(5,617,176)	(3,075,581)
Profit after taxation 24,329,967 15,257,712 12,583,176 7,415,261 Unappropriated profit - brought forward 65,612,029 37,049,013 74,422,122 34,698,930 Profit available for appropriation 89,941,996 52,306,725 87,005,298 42,114,191 Transfer to	- prior		-	-	-	-
Profit after taxation 24,329,967 15,257,712 12,583,176 7,415,261 Unappropriated profit - brought forward 65,612,029 37,049,013 74,422,122 34,698,930 Profit available for appropriation 89,941,996 52,306,725 87,005,298 42,114,191 Transfer to - statutory reserve 4,865,993 3,051,542 2,516,635 1,483,052 - capital reserve - - - - - contribution to depositors' protection fund 1,216,498 762,886 629,159 370,763 - revenue reserve - - - - - proposed dividend - - - Unappropriated profit - carried forward 83,859,505 48,492,297 83,859,504 40,260,376	- deferred	L	139,437	(226,437)	139,437	(287,270)
Unappropriated profit - brought forward 65,612,029 37,049,013 74,422,122 34,698,930 Profit available for appropriation 89,941,996 52,306,725 87,005,298 42,114,191 Transfer to		_	(9,937,592)	(6,636,997)	(5,477,739)	(3,362,851)
Profit available for appropriation 89,941,996 52,306,725 87,005,298 42,114,191 Transfer to - statutory reserve 4,865,993 3,051,542 2,516,635 1,483,052 - capital reserve - <			24,329,967	15,257,712	12,583,176	7,415,261
Transfer to 4,865,993 3,051,542 2,516,635 1,483,052 - capital reserve - - - - 370,763 - contribution to depositors' protection fund 1,216,498 762,886 629,159 370,763 - revenue reserve - - - - - proposed dividend - - - - Unappropriated profit - carried forward 83,859,505 48,492,297 83,859,504 40,260,376		_	65,612,029	37,049,013	74,422,122	34,698,930
- statutory reserve	Profit available for appropriation		89,941,996	52,306,725	87,005,298	42,114,191
- statutory reserve	T					
- capital reserve - contribution to depositors' protection fund 1,216,498 762,886 629,159 370,763 - revenue reserve - proposed dividend Unappropriated profit - carried forward 83,859,505 48,492,297 83,859,504 40,260,376			4.065.003	2.054.542	0.544.435	1 102 052
- contribution to depositors' protection fund - revenue reserve - proposed dividend Unappropriated profit - carried forward 1,216,498 762,886 629,159 370,763 Unappropriated profit - carried forward 83,859,505 48,492,297 83,859,504 40,260,376			4,865,993	3,051,542	2,516,635	1,483,052
- revenue reserve	•		1 217 400	762.997	620 150	270 7/2
- proposed dividend -			1,210,498	702,880	029,159	3/0,/63
Unappropriated profit - carried forward 83,859,505 48,492,297 83,859,504 40,260,376			-	-	-	
		-	83,859,505	48.492.297	83,859.504	40.260 376
U.32 U.20 U.1/ U.10		=				
	EMM WINGS I ER SITARE	=	0.32	0.20	0.17	0.10

The annexed notes from 1 to 22 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial information.

~			
resident/Chief Executive	Chairman	Director	Director

SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Half yea	ar ended	Quarter	ended
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
		Rup	ees	
Profit after taxation for the period	24,329,967	15,257,712	12,583,176	7,415,261
Other comprehensive income:				
- Items that will not to be reclassified to profit and loss account in subsequent periods	-	-	-	
- Items that will be subsequently reclassified to profit and loss	-		-	-
Total Comprehensive income for the period				
transferred to equity	24,329,967	15,257,712	12,583,176	7,415,261
Components of comprehensive income not reflected in equity - Surplus (deficit) on revaluation of assets - Deferred grants	-	-	_	
	-	-	_	
Total comprehensive income for the period	24,329,967	15,257,712	12,583,176	7,415,261

SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Reserve		
		Cap	oital	Revenue	
	Share capital	Statutory and General reserve	Depositors' protection Fund	Unappropriated profit/(loss)	Total
			Rupees		
Balance as at January 1, 2018	750,000,000	9,879,735	2,469,934	37,049,013	799,398,682
Total comprehensive income for the period					
Profit after tax for the period Other comprehensive income - net of tax	-	-	-	38,084,021	38,084,021
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	38,084,021	38,084,021
Transfer to statutory reserve	-	7,616,804	-	(7,616,804)	-
Contribution to depositors' protection fund	-		1,904,201	(1,904,201)	
Balance as at December 31, 2018 (audited)	750,000,000	17,496,539	4,374,135	65,612,029	837,482,703
Total comprehensive income for the period					
Profit after taxation for the period	-	-	-	24,329,967	24,329,967
Other comprehensive income - net of tax	-	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	24,329,967	24,329,967
Transfer to statutory reserve	-	4,865,993	-	(4,865,993)	-
Contribution to depositors' protection fund	-	-	1,216,498	(1,216,498)	-
Balance as at June 30, 2019 (Un-audited)	750,000,000	22,362,532	5,590,633	83,859,505	861,812,670

The annexed notes from 1 to 22 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial information. \ccite{N}



SINDH MICROFINANCE BANK LIMITED CONDENSED INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	Rupe	ees
Profit before taxation		34,267,559	21,894,709
Adjustments:			
Depreciation and amortization		9,927,413	1,327,376
Gratuity		3,600,000	-
Bad debts written off directly	7.4.1	1,142,434	-
Provision against non-performing advances	7	2,379,580	1,535,683
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital		51,316,986	24,757,768
(Increase) /decrease in operating assets			
Lending to financial institutions		-	-
Advances		(147,333,850)	(149,955,867)
Other assets (excluding advance taxation)		(43,678,220)	(11,828,201)
	_	(191,012,070)	(161,784,068)
(Decrease)/increase in operating liabilities			
Deposits and other accounts		(8,547,198)	(909,883)
Other liabilities (excluding current taxation)		46,622,923	(116,517)
		38,075,725	(1,026,400)
(Used in)/cash generated from operations		(101,619,359)	(138,052,700)
Income tax paid	_	(5,082,185)	(1,831,463)
Net cash flow from operating activities		(106,701,544)	(139,884,163)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Acquisition of T-Bills		(110,000,000)	-
Acquisition of operating fixed assets	8.1	(1,019,367)	(4,471,637)
Acquisition of TDR		(53,550,000)	-
Matured TDR		100,000,000	
Net cash used in investing activities		(64,569,367)	(4,471,637)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Borrowing from SBP	11	750,000,000	-
Borrowing from SBL		-	76,687,815
Payment of Running finance facility		(76,522,815)	-
Net cash flow from financing activities	£	673,477,185	76,687,815
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	-	502,206,274	(67,667,985)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	7	269,326,574	424,926,610
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	20	771,532,848	357,258,625
	=		

The annexed notes from 1 to 22 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial information.

President/Chief Executive	Chairman	Director	Director

1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

1.1 Sindh Microfinance Bank Limited (the Bank) was incorporated on March 27, 2015 as a public Company limited by shares under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 (repealed by Companies Act 2017). The Bank obtained Microfinance banking license from State Bank of Pakistan on October 16, 2015, to operate in Sindh Province. Subsequently, the Bank has received the certificate of commencement of business from Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) on November 30, 2015. The Bank's registered office is situated at 39/F, 2nd Floor, Muhammad Ali Cooperative Housing Society, Karachi. The Bank's principal business is to provide microfinance services to the poor and underserved segment of the society as envisaged in the Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001.

The Bank is the wholly owned subsidiary of Sindh Bank Limited (the Holding bank). The Bank operates through branches and service centers spread within the province of Sindh, the network of branches and service centers comprises of 13 (2018: 13) branches and 47 (2018: 47) service centers.

2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

This condensed interim financial information has been presented in accordance with the requirements of Banking Surveillance Department Circular No.11 dated December 30, 2003 issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP).

3 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

This condensed interim financial statements have been prepared, in accordance with the requirements of the International Accounting Standard 34 - 'Interim Financial Reporting', provisions of the Companies Act, 2017, the Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001, the Prudential Regulation for Microfinance Banks and directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) and the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP). In case where requirements differ, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2017, the Microfinance Institution Ordinance, 2001, the Prudential Regulation for Microfinance Banks and the said directives have been followed.

The State Bank of Pakistan has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 39, 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' and International Accounting Standard (IAS) 40, 'Investment Property'. Further, the SECP has deferred the applicability of International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 7, 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' through its notification S.R.O. No. 411(I)/2008 dated April 28, 2008. Accordingly the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these financial statements. However, investments have been classified and valued in accordance with the requirements prescribed by SBP BSD through various circulars / regulations.

4 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

4.1 Accounting Convention

These condensed interim financial information have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

These condensed interim financial information has been prepared following accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow statement.

4.2 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of these condensed interim financial information in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and income and expenses. It also requires management to exercise judgement in the application of its accounting policies. The estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and assumptions are viewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Accounting policies in respect of judgments made by the management in the application of approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, that have significant effect on the Company's condensed interim financial information, estimates and assumptions with significant risk of material adjustments in the future period are included in the following notes:

		Note
a)	Depreciation method, rates and useful life of operating fixed assets	8
b)	Amortization method, rates and useful life of intangible assets	8
c)	Provision for taxation	12
d)	Provision for gratuity	12
e)	Provision against non-performing loans and advances	7
f)	Lease liability	5.1 & 12

4.3 Functional and presentation currency

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared & presented in Pakistani Rupee, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

4.4 Standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards that are relevant to the company and adopted in the current year

The Company has adopted the following new standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations of IFRSs which became effective during the current year.

Standard or Interpretation

IASB effective date (Annual periods beginning on or after)

IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'

July 1, 2018

IFRS 16 'Leases'

January 1, 2019

'IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' and the related 'Clarifications to IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers' (hereinafter referred to as 'IFRS 15') replace IAS 18 'Revenue', IAS 11 'Construction Contracts', and several revenue-related Interpretations. IFRS 15 provides a single, principles-based approach to the recognition of revenue from all contracts with customers and focuses on the identification of performance obligations in a contract and requires revenue to be recognised when or as those performance obligations in a contract are satisfied. The Company has adopted IFRS 15 by applying the modified retrospective approach according to which the Company is not required to restate the prior year results. However, the adoption of IFRS 15 does not have any impact on the reported revenue of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2019.

4.5 Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are effective but not relevant

The other new standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are mandatory for the financial year beginning on July 01, 2018 are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Company's financial reporting and operations and are therefore not presented here.

4.6 Standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards that are relevant but not yet effective and not early adopted by the Company

The following new standards, amendments to the published standards and interpretations will be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation.

Standard or Interpretation	IASB effective date (Annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments'	January 1, 2019
IAS 28 'Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures' (Amendments to IAS 28)	January 1, 2019
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2015 - 2017 Cycle	January 1, 2019
IAS 19 'Plan Amendment, Curtail or Settlement' (Amendments to IAS 19)	January 1, 2019
IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'	July 1, 2019
IFRS 3 'Definition of a business' Amendment to IFRS 3	January 1, 2020
IAS 1/IAS 8 'Definition of Material' (Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8)	January 1, 2020
Various Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards	January 1, 2020
IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments (2014) and consequent amendments to IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts	January 1, 2018
IFRS 14 - Regulatory Deferral Accounts	January 1, 2016
IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards	July 1, 2009

5 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements are consistent with those applied in the preparation of financial statements of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2018.

The financial risk management objectives and policies adopted by the Bank are consistent with those disclosed with the annual audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2018, except for the effects of applying IFRS-16.

5.1 NEW STANDARD ADOPTED AS AT JANUARY 1, 2019

During the period, IFRS 16 - Leases became applicable to the Banks. IFRS 16 replaces existing guidance on accounting for leases, including IAS 17, Leases, IFRIC 4, Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, SIC-15, Operating Leases - Incentive, and SIC-27, Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease. IFRS 16 introduces an on-balance sheet lease accounting model for leases entered by the lessee. A lessee recognizes a right-of use asset representing its right of using the underlying asset and a corresponding lease liability representing its obligations to make lease payments. Lessor accounting remains similar to the current standard i.e. lessors continue to classify leases as either finance or operating leases.

On adoption of IFRS 16, the Bank has recognised liabilities in respect of leases which had previously been classified as operating leases under IAS 17. These liabilities were initially measured as the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the Bank's incremental borrowing rate of 13.11% per annum as of January 1, 2019. The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Total lease liability recognised

June 30, January 1,
2019 2019
-----Rupees----
36,912,308 48,493,402

On adoption of IFRS 16, the associated right-of-use assets were measured at the amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of prepaid lease payments recognised in the condensed interim statement of financial position immediately before the date of initial application.

The right-of-use assets recognised subsequent to the adoption are measured based on the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred. The right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the lease term as this method most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits. The right-of-use assets are reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of lease liability.

The recognised right-of-use assets relate to the following type of asset:

June 30, January 1, 2019 2019 -----Rupees-----40,411,168 48,493,402

Branches and Service centers

The effect of this change in accounting policy is as follows:

		June 30, 2019	January 1, 2019
Impact on Statement of Financial Position	lote	Ru	pees
Increase in fixed assets - right-of-use assets	8	40,411,168	48,493,402
Decrease in other assets - advances, deposits, advance rent and other prepayments	9	(5,521,096)	-
Increase in total assets		34,890,072	48,493,402
Increase in other liabilities - lease liability against right-			
of-use assets	12 _	(36,912,308)	(48,493,402)
Decrease in net assets	_	(2,022,236)	-
Impact on Profit and Loss account			For the six months ended June 30, 2019
Impact on Profit and Loss account			months ended
Increase in mark-up expense - lease liability against right-of-use assets	s		months ended June 30, 2019
Increase in mark-up expense - lease liability against right-of-use assets (Increase) / decrease in administrative expenses:	S		months ended June 30, 2019 Rupees (2,684,667)
Increase in mark-up expense - lease liability against right-of-use assets (Increase) / decrease in administrative expenses: - Depreciation on right-of-use assets	S		months ended June 30, 2019 Rupees
Increase in mark-up expense - lease liability against right-of-use assets (Increase) / decrease in administrative expenses: - Depreciation on right-of-use assets - Rent expense	S		months ended June 30, 2019 Rupees (2,684,667) (8,082,234)
Increase in mark-up expense - lease liability against right-of-use assets (Increase) / decrease in administrative expenses: - Depreciation on right-of-use assets	S		months ended June 30, 2019 Rupees (2,684,667) (8,082,234) 8,744,665

Earnings per share for the six months ended June 30, 2019 are Rs 0.3 per share lower as a result of the adoption of IFRS 16.

While implementing IFRS 16, the Bank has used a single discount rate methodology for a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics. The Bank has opted not to recognise right-of-use assets for leases of low value. The payments associated with such leases are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

5.2 Significant assumptions used

Discount rate

These liabilities were initially measured as the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the Bank's incremental borrowing rate of 13.11% per annum.

Lease term

Bank has implemented IFRS-16 and classified all its operating lease to finance lease on substance over form basis and use estimates and assumptions in calculating the lease term upto three years.

Rental Agreements

Lease liability is calculated on Bank's operating 13 branches and 47 service centers.

5.3 Leases

As described in Note 5.1, the Bank has applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach and therefore comparative information has not been restated. This means comparative information is still reported under IAS 17 and IFRIC 4.

Accounting policy applicable from January 1, 2019

- Identifying a lease

For any new contracts entered into on or after 1 January 2019, the Bank considers whether a contract is, or contains a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'. To apply this definition the Bank assesses whether the contract meets three key evaluations which are whether:

- the contract contains an identified asset, which is either explicitly identified in the contract or implicitly specified by being identified at the time the asset is made available to the Bank
- the Bank has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset throughout the period of use, considering its rights within the defined scope of the contract
- the Bank has the right to direct the use of the identified asset throughout the period of use. The Bank assess whether it has the right to direct 'how and for what purpose' the asset is used throughout the period of use.

- Measurement and recognition of leases as a lessee

At lease commencement date, the Bank recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the statement of financial position. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred by the Bank, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net of any incentives received).

The Bank depreciates the right-of-use assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The Bank also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist.

At the commencement date, the Bank measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or the Bank's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are made up of fixed payments (including in substance fixed), variable payments based on an index or rate, amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee and payments arising from options reasonably certain to be exercised.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in in-substance fixed payments.

When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

The Bank has elected to account for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets using the practical expedients. Instead of recognising a right-of-use asset and lease liability, the payments in relation to these are recognised as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

On the statement of financial position, right-of-use assets have been included in property, plant and equipment (except those meeting the definition of investment property) and lease liabilities have been included in trade and other payables.

Accounting Policy applicable before January 1, 2019

Finance leases

When preparing the Interim Financial Statements, management undertakes a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions about recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The actual results may differ from the judgements, estimates and assumptions made by management, and will seldom equal the estimated results.

For leases of land and buildings, the minimum lease payments are first allocated to each component based on the relative fair values of the respective lease interests. Each component is then evaluated separately for possible treatment as a finance lease, taking into consideration the fact that land normally has an indefinite economic life.

See the accounting policy note in the year-end financial statements for the depreciation methods and useful lives for assets held under finance leases. The interest element of lease payments is charged to profit or loss, as finance costs over the period of the lease.

Operating leases

All other leases are treated as operating leases. Where the Bank is a lessee, payments on operating lease agreements are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Associated costs, such as maintenance and insurance, are expensed as incurred.

6 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AND TRANSACTIONS

- **6.1** During the period the Bank has adopted IFRS 16 on 13 branches and 47 service centers with effect from January 1, 2019.
- 6.2 During the period the Bank has obtained loan under Line of Credit Fund from State Bank of Pakistan amounting to Rs. 750 million, carrying markup 6M Kibor+1 and 6M Kibor-1.

7	ADVANCES -	Note	June 30, 2019 (Un-audited)		r 31, 2018 lited)	
	NET OF PROVISIONS					
	Loan Type		Number of loans outstanding	Amount outstanding	Number of loans outstanding	Amount outstanding
				Rupees		Rupees
	Micro Credit					
	Unsecured		43,575	734,920,695	37,243	589,666,316
	Secured		-	-		-
			43,575	734,920,695	37,243	589,666,316
	Less: Provision held					
	-Specific provision		-	(671,505)	-	(688,415)
	-General provision	7.1	-	(7,335,592)	-	(5,876,139)
				(8,007,097)		(6,564,554)
			43,575	726,913,598	37,243	583,101,762

This represent general provision equivalent to 1% of outstanding unsecured advances held in accordance with the requirements of prudential regulations for microfinance bank.

7.2 Particulars of provision against non performance advances

		2019			2018			
	Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total		
Opening balance	688,415	5,876,139	6,564,554		3,418,171	3,418,171		
Charge for the year	920,127	1,459,453	2,379,580	856,265	2,457,968	3,314,233		
Reversals	(937,037)		(937,037)	(167,850)	-	(167,850)		
Closing balance	671,505	7,335,592	8,007,097	688,415	5,876,139	6,564,554		

Provision

358,315

289,003

41,097

688,415

358,315

289,003

41,097

688,415

7.3			2019	2018		
		Amount	Provision	Provision	Amount	Provision
		outstanding	required	held	outstanding	required
	OAEM	523,965	-	-	352,656	-
	Substandard	281,188	70,297	70,297	1,433,258	358,31
	Doubtful	958,149	479,075	479,075	578,005	289,00
	Loss	122,133	122,133	122,133	41,097	41,09
	Total	1,885,435	671,505	671,505	2,405,016	688,41

7.4	Particulars	written off	

	Γ	201	9	2018			
		Number of Customer	Amount	Number of Customer	Amount		
Directly charged to profit & loss	7.4.1	63	1,142,434	98	1,283,038		
account	-						

7.4.1 This represent written off against unsecured micro credit advances which were not recovered due to death of loan holders.

				June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
8	OPERATING FIXED ASSETS			(Un-audited)	(Audited)
				•	pees
	Fixed assets - Net book value			11,244,470	11,810,365
	Intangible asset - Net book value			2,275,516	2,535,432
	Right of use asset - Net book value			40,411,168	-
				53,931,154	14,345,797
8.1	Additions during the period - at cost				
	Office equipments			717,417	2,480,822
	Office improvements			-	96,000
	Furniture and fixtures			188,950	96,000
	Intangibles			113,000	1,798,815
				1,019,367	4,471,637
9	OTHER ASSETS				
	Security deposit, prepayments and other	rs .		11,001,948	16,222,988
	Interest receivable on advances			14,902,602	12,239,334
	Interest receivable on placement			1,730,942	3,988,352
	Advance tax- net of provision			-	4,229,121
				27,635,492	36,679,795
	60 U		30, 2019		r 31, 2018
	8	• ,	udited)	`	lited)
		Number of	Amount	Number of	Amount
		accounts	outstanding	accounts	outstanding
10	DEPOSITS		Rupees		Rupees
	DEI GOITG				
	Current	10	1,005,534	10	13,422,267
	Saving	1	233,142	-	2 I
	Institution	1	52,625,438	1	50,000,000
	Micro saving & individual account	59,091	15,357,801	46,953	14,346,846
		59,103	69,221,915	46,964	77,769,113
10.1	The deposits pertains to individual & co (2018: 4% - 12.15%).	rporate loan hol	ders carrying inter	est rate of 4% - 12.	15% per annum
11	BORROWINGS		Note	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
				(Un-audited)	(Audited)
	Sindh Bank Limited (Running finance)				76,522,815
	State Bank Of Pakistan		11.1	750,000,000	-

^{11.1} During the period the Bank has obtained loan under Line of Credit Fund from State Bank of Pakistan amounting to Rs. 750 million, carrying markup 6M Kibor+1 and 6M Kibor-1.

				June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
12	OTHER LIAI	BILITIES		(Un-audited)	(Audited)
				Ruj	bees
	Accrued expens	ses		3,405,788	3,176,300
	Audit fee payab	le		275,000	478,000
	Interest payable	e on borrowing & depo	sitors	11,194,795	1,646,730
	EOBI payable			135,719	115,439
	Gratuity			8,846,750	5,246,750
	Employee prov	ident fund payable		628,272	512,490
	Tax payable			765,703	-
	Lease liability			36,912,308	
				62,164,335	11,175,709
			-		
13	DEFERRED	TAX LIABILITIES			
	Opening balance	ce		503,609	403,553
	Change during	the year		(139,437)	100,056
	Closing balance		* ,	364,172	503,609
14	SHARE CAPI	TAL			
	Authorized Ca	pital			
	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018		June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
	(Un-Audited)	(Audited)		(Un-audited)	(Audited)
	Number	of shares			
	100,000,000	100,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/-	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000
			each.		
14.1	Issued, subscr	ribed and paid-up sha	re capital		
	June 30,	December 31,	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	June 30,	December 31,
	2018	2018	fully paid in cash.	2019	2018
	Number	of shares			
	75,000,000	75,000,000	-	750,000,000	750,000,000

15 STATUTORY AND GENERAL RESERVES

In accordance with the requirements of the Microfinance Institution Ordinance, 2001 and the Prudential Regulations for Microfinance Banks issued by SBP (Prudential regulations), the Bank has transferred an amount equivalent to 20% of profit after tax to the statutory reserve.

16 DEPOSITORS PROTECTION FUND

In accordance with the requirements of the Microfinance Institution Ordinance, 2001 and the Prudential Regulations, the Bank has transferred an amount equivalent to 5% of profit after tax to the depositor's protection fund.

17 MEMORANDUM/OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

There are no memorandum/off balance sheet items as at the end of June 30, 2019 (December 31, 2018: Nil).

18 MARK-UP/RETURN/INTEREST EARNED

Half year	r ended	Quarter ended				
June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018			
(Un-au	dited)	(Un-audited)				
	Rup	ees				
24,462,279	15,511,905	14,947,485	6,883,481			
118,711,336	80,205,192	63,436,680	43,703,279			
143,173,615	95,717,097	78,384,165	50,586,760			

On deposits accounts and placements On loans and advances

19 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties of the Bank comprises of Holding company, associates (including entities having directors in common with the Bank), major shareholders, directors and key management personnel and their close family members.

Balances with related parties have been disclosed in respective notes. Transactions with related parties, other than those disclosed elsewhere in the condensed interim financial information, are summarized as follows:

Balances with the Related Parties	June 30, 2019 (Un-audited) Ru	December 31, 2018 (Audited) pees
Sindh Bank Limited (Holding Company)		
Balances in deposit accounts	39,300,511	31,744,411
Interest Payable on Borrowing	2,094,711	1,564,984
Borrowings with Sindh Bank Limited		76,522,815
Sindh Insurance Limited		
Prepaid insurance expense	3,473,227	-
Transactions with the Related Parties		
Sindh Bank Limited (Holding Company)		
Mark-up/return/interest expense	4,806,634	1,573,160
Mark-up/return/interest earned	1,725,049	357,335
<u>Directors</u>		
Directors' fee	189,000	138,000
Sindh Insurance Limited		
Insurance expense	1,056,961	1,343,599

20	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	June 30 2019 (Un-audited)	December 31 2018 (Audited)
		Ru	pees
	Cash and balances with SBP and NBP	5,785,331	13,416,112
	Balances with other banks	765,747,517	255,910,462
	Investment - net of provisions	-	100,000,000
		771,532,848	369,326,574

21 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee unless otherwise stated.

22 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These condensed interim	financial	information	were	approved	and	authorized	for	issue	by	the	Board	of
Directors on		- << m										

President/Chief Executive	Chairman	Director	Director